

Release of the New National Solar Radiation Database (NSRDB)



NSRDB Webinar

Dr. Manajit Sengupta, Anthony Lopez, Aron Habte, Dr. Yu Xie, Andrew Weekley, Christine Molling, Christian Gueymard, Paul Edwards, and Dan Getman

December 08, 2015

Webinar Outline

- Motivation and History
- Development of the New Gridded NSRDB
 - Physical Solar Model (PSM) Framework
- New NSRDB Website and How to Access Data
- Data Availability
- Future Plans

Motivation

Support DOE SunShot goal of reducing the costs of solar deployment and financing through providing high-quality publicly available solar resource information

Concept

Policy Decisions
Site / Technology Selection



Feasibility

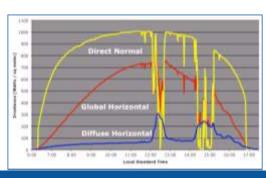
Investor Commitment
Project Approvals

Due Diligence

Engineering Design
System Integration

Operations

System Tests
Operation & Maintenance
Energy System Integration



National Solar Radiation Database: History

http://nsrdb.nrel.gov

Evolution of Public Solar Data

1952-1975 SOLMET¹ [ERDA, NOAA, 1979]

1961-1990 NSRDB² [DOE, NOAA, 1994]

1991-2005 NSRDB-II³ [DOE, NOAA, 2007]

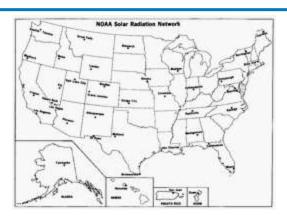
1998-2014 NSRDB [DOE, NOAA, UW, SCS 2015]

| Internal Converted | See Assigned | See Assigned

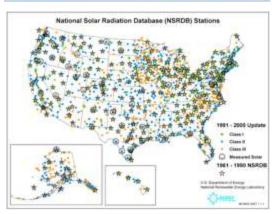
(1) 248 stations with 26 **Measurement** Stations 1977-80

(2)
239 *Modeled*Stations with
56 partial
measurement
stations
1990









How Do Satellites Model Surface Radiation?

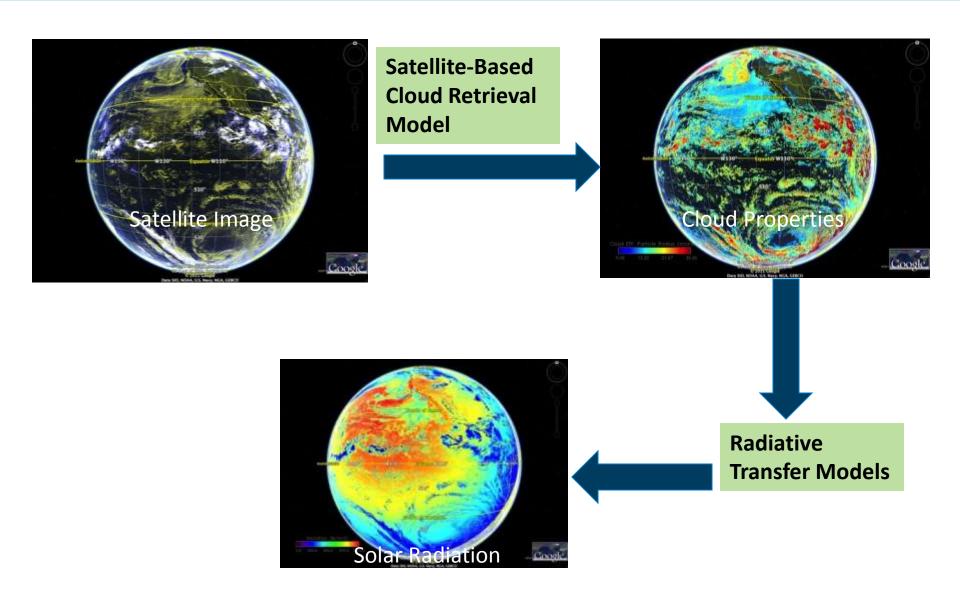
Empirical Approach (Traditional Approach):

- Build model relating satellite measurements and ground observations (cloud index and clearness index)
- Use those models to obtain solar radiation at the surface from satellite measurements

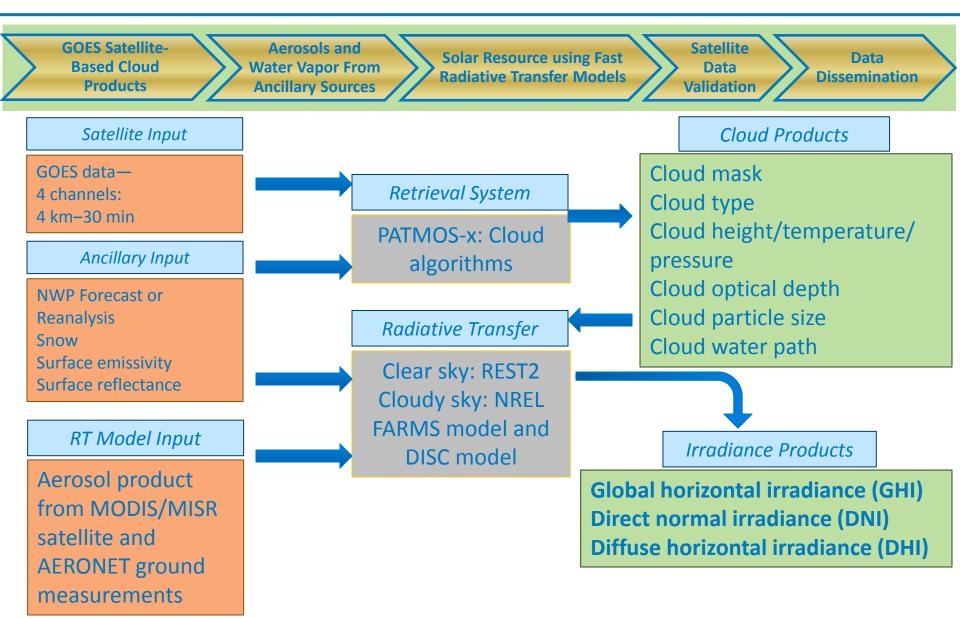
Physical Approach: (New Approach)

- Retrieve cloud and aerosol information from satellites
- Use the information in a radiative transfer model

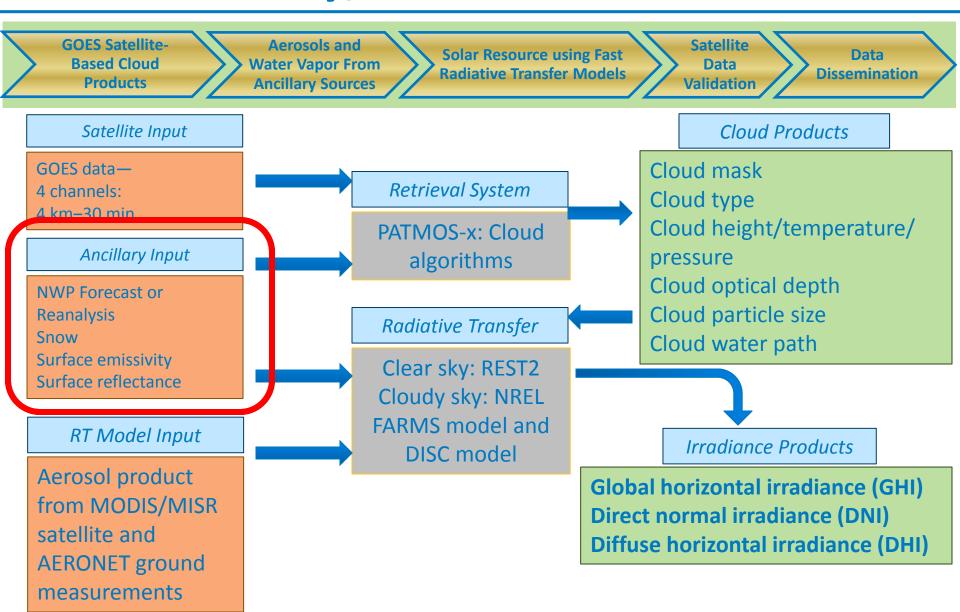
Physical Approach to Satellite Modeling



Physical Solar Model (PSM) Framework



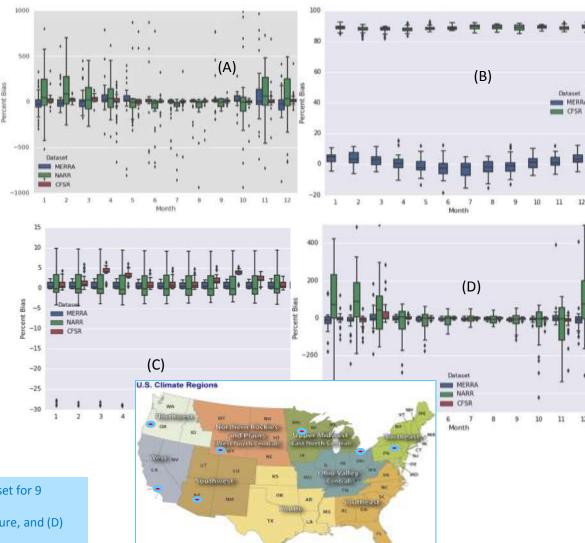
PSM: Ancillary/Met Data



Met Data for PSM

Accurate meteorological dataset for use in the NSRDB

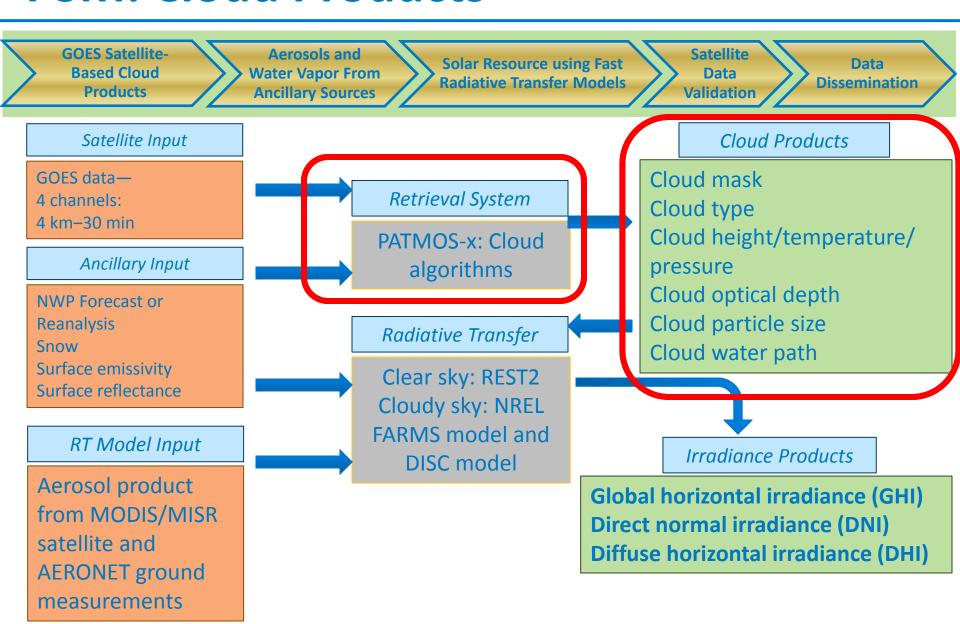
- Various reanalysis datasets compared with ground measurements (all Integrated Surface Database (ISD) stations) to identify best data
- NASA Modern Era-Retrospective Analysis (MERRA) dataset, NOAA's North American Regional Reanalysis (NARR) dataset, and NOAA's Climate Forecast System Reanalysis (CFSR) compared
- MERRA found to be the most accurate



Comparison between ISD and MERRA, CFSR, and NARR dataset for 9 stations

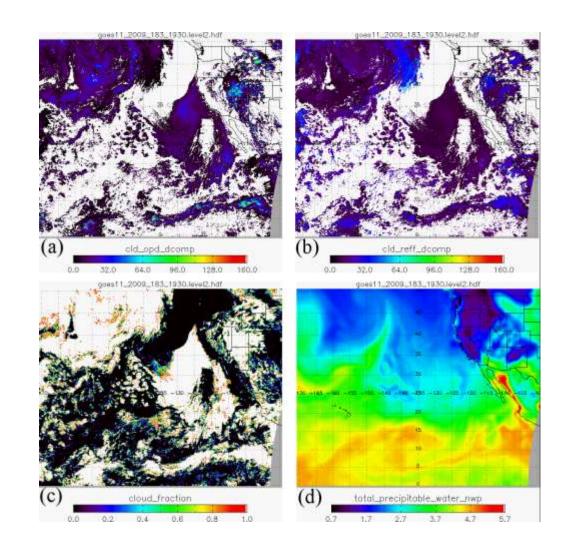
(A) Dew Point, (B) Precipitable Water, (C) Atmospheric Pressure, and (D) Wind Speed comparison

PSM: Cloud Products

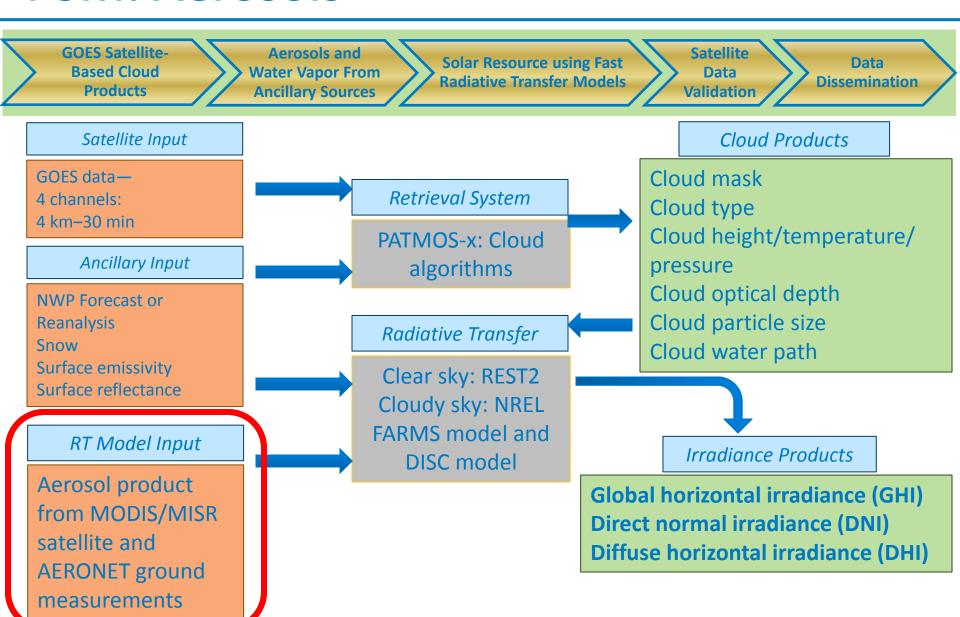


Cloud Products for PSM

- In collaboration with the University of Wisconsin, NREL developed an improved version of the PATMOS-x processing system, which was used to process GOES-WEST and -EAST data for years 1998-2014
- Cloud properties:
 - Cloud mask
 - Cloud type
 - Cloud height/temperature/ pressure
 - Cloud optical depth
 - Cloud particle size
 - Cloud water path



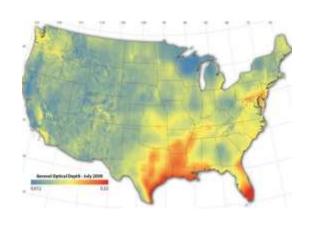
PSM: Aerosols

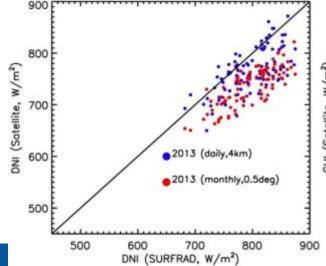


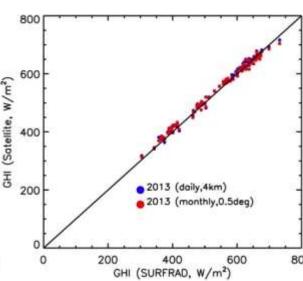
Aerosols for PSM

- Developed accurate gridded aerosol product using multiple data sources
- Developed monthly 0.5° aerosol optical depth (AOD) for 1998-2014 using satellite and ground-based measurements
- Monthly results interpolated to form daily 4-km AOD data
- Daily data calibrated using ground measurements to develop accurate AOD product

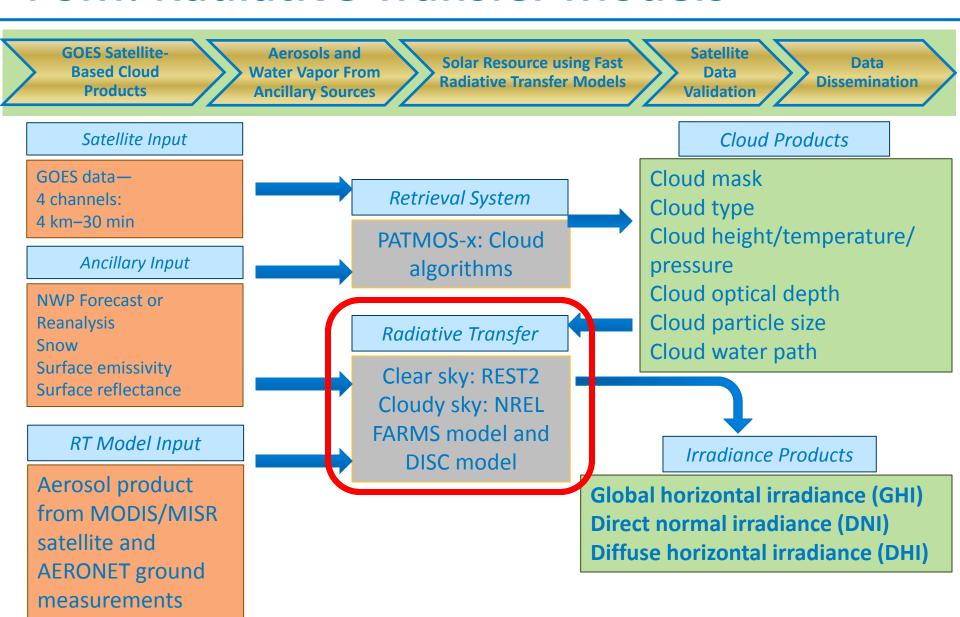
	AOD	MAE(W/m²)	MAE(%)	RMSE(W/m ²)
Desert	Monthly	17	1.84	20
Rock, NV	Daily	12	1.34	16
Goodwin	Monthly	47	5.96	53
Creek, MS	Daily	30	3.76	36
Bondville,	Monthly	62	7.76	67
IL	Daily	37	4.65	48
Table Mtn.,	Monthly	35	3.84	41
Со	Daily	24	2.57	30







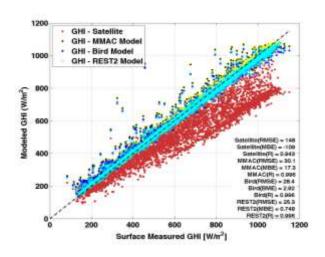
PSM: Radiative Transfer Models

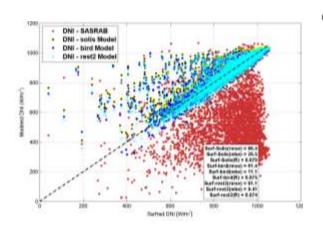


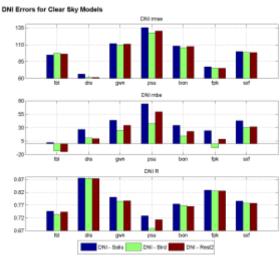
Clear Sky Radiative Transfer Model for PSM

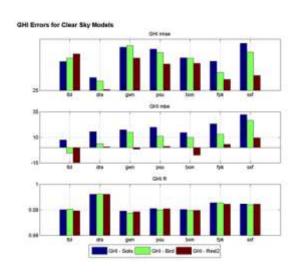
REST2 Clear Sky Model Output with Better AOD Input

- SASRAB model initially tested but provided biased results
- 3 next-generation models (Bird, MMAC, and REST2 models) tested with high-quality aerosol data
- All models provided significantly accurate results
- REST2 provides the most accurate results and was implemented in the PSM framework





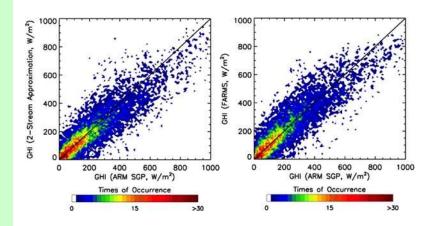




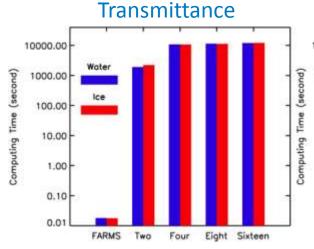
All-Sky Radiative Transfer Model for PSM

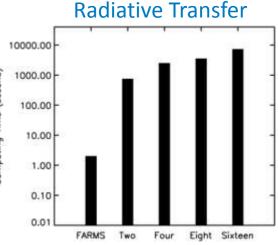
Fast All-Sky Radiation Model for Solar applications (FARMS)

- Developed new radiative transfer model for use in satellite and forecasting applications
- 2-stream approximation (industry standard) and FARMS have similar performance
- FARMS is 1,000 times more efficient in the computation of solar radiation



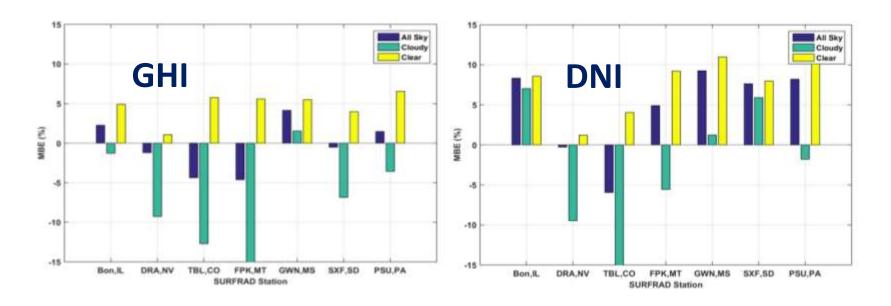
	SASRAB	FARMS
MBE%	5.9	0.4
MAE%	29.9	27.6
MBE (W/m^2)	16.5	1





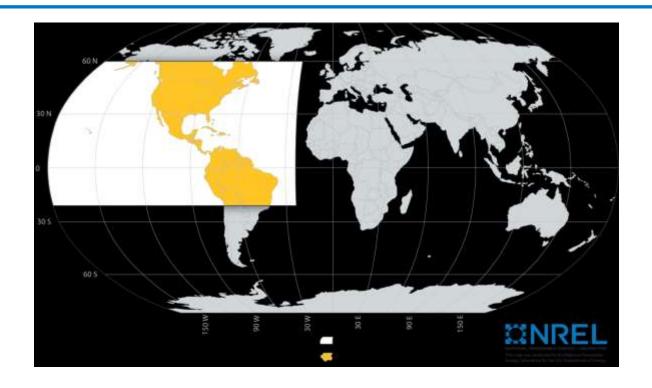
Validation of the PSM

 Evaluation of the new NSRDB dataset was carried out using high-quality SURFRAD ground stations



MBE in percent for all years (1998-2014) for the seven SURFRAD sites.

NSRDB



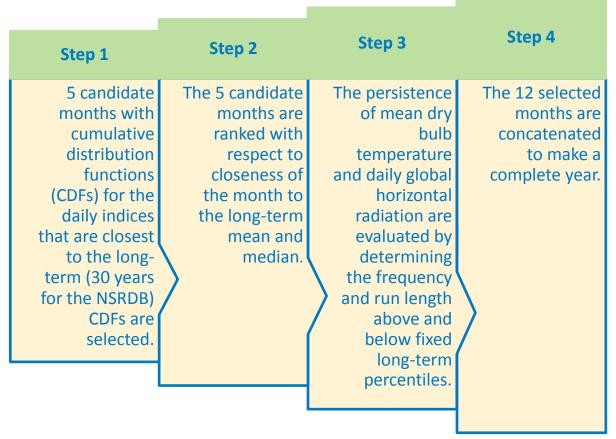
- The area covers 25° W to 175° W and 20° S to 60° N
- Includes half-hourly satellite modeled solar data for years 1998-2014 on 4-km grid
- Time-series solar data for a location can be combined with hourly met data for PV and CSP simulation

NSRDB Product Variables

Element	Unit	Description	
Clearsky DHI	Watt per square meter	- Modeled solar radiation on a horizontal surface received from the sky excluding the solar disk This is assuming clear sky condition	
Clearsky DNI	Watt per square meter	- Modeled solar radiation obtained from the direction of the sun This is assuming clear sky condition	
Clearsky GHI	Watt per square meter	- Modeled solar radiation on a horizontal surface received from the sky This is assuming clear sky condition	
Cloud Type	Unitless	Obtained from PATMOS-X	
Dew Point	Degree C	Calculated from specific humidity	
DHI	Watt per square meter	Modeled solar radiation on a horizontal surface received from the sky excluding the solar disk.	
DNI	Watt per square meter	Modeled solar radiation obtained from the direction of the sun.	
GHI	Watt per square meter	Modeled solar radiation on a horizontal surface received from the sky.	
Fill Flag	Unitless	'N/A': 0, 'Missing Image': 1, 'Low Irradiance': 2, 'Exceeds Clearsky': 3, 'Missing Cloud Properties': 4, 'Rayleigh Violation': 5	
Snow Depth	meters	Source: MERRA	
Solar Zenith Angle	Degrees	Angle between the sun and the zenith	
Temperature	Degree C	Source: MERRA	
Pressure	Millibar	Source: MERRA	
Relative Humidity	Percent	Calculated from specific humidity	
Precipitable Water	Millimeter	Source: MERRA	
Wind Direction	Degrees	Source: MERRA	
Wind Speed	meter per second	Source: MERRA	

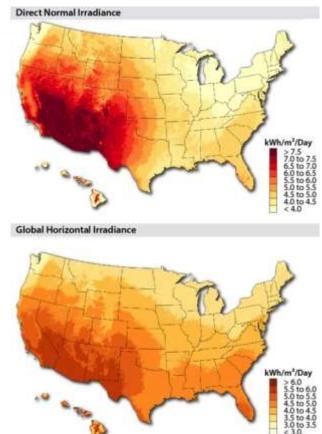
TMY

Gridded TMY - Developed using the gridded NSRDB (1998-2014)



TMY data sets provide industry standard resource information for:

- Building design and performance
- Solar heating and cooling systems
- Photovoltaic and concentrating solar power system performance
- Energy systems analysis



Example figures representing DNI and GHI datasets for TMY developed using meteorological and irradiance weighting factors.

TMY Product Variables

Element	Unit or Description
Year	1998-2014
Month	1-12
Day	1-28,1-30 or 1-31
Hour	1-23
Minute	0
Dew Point	Degree C
DHI	Watt per square meter
DNI	Watt per square meter
GHI	Watt per square meter
Temperature	Degree C
Pressure	Millibar
Wind Direction	Degrees
Wind Speed	meter per second

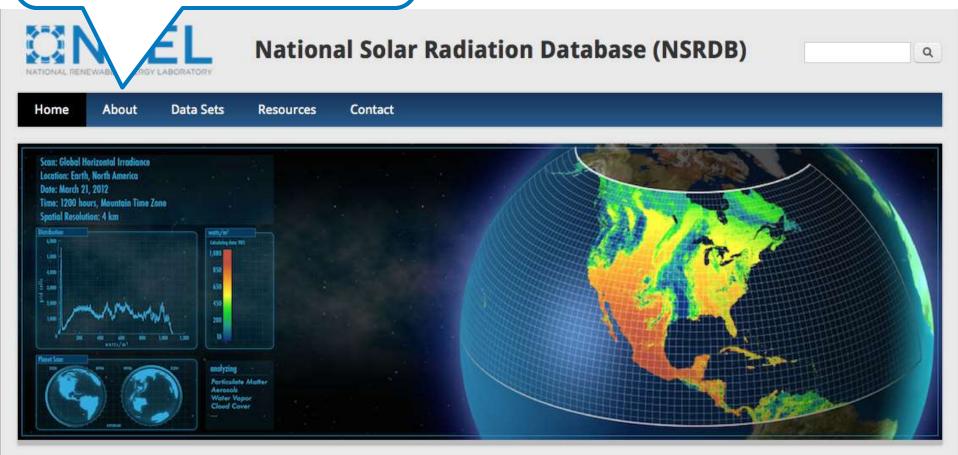




NSRDB Website & Data Access



Learn about the current and historic datasets, TMY, history, and more



Access the data **National Solar Radiation Database (NSRDB)** Q Home About **Data Sets** Resources Contact Scan: Global Horizontal Irradiance Location: Earth, North America Date: March 21, 2012 Time: 1200 hours, Mountain Time Zone Spatial Resolution: 4 km

Resources

Contact

Users manuals, helpful links, **publications**, and a user forum

Data Sets

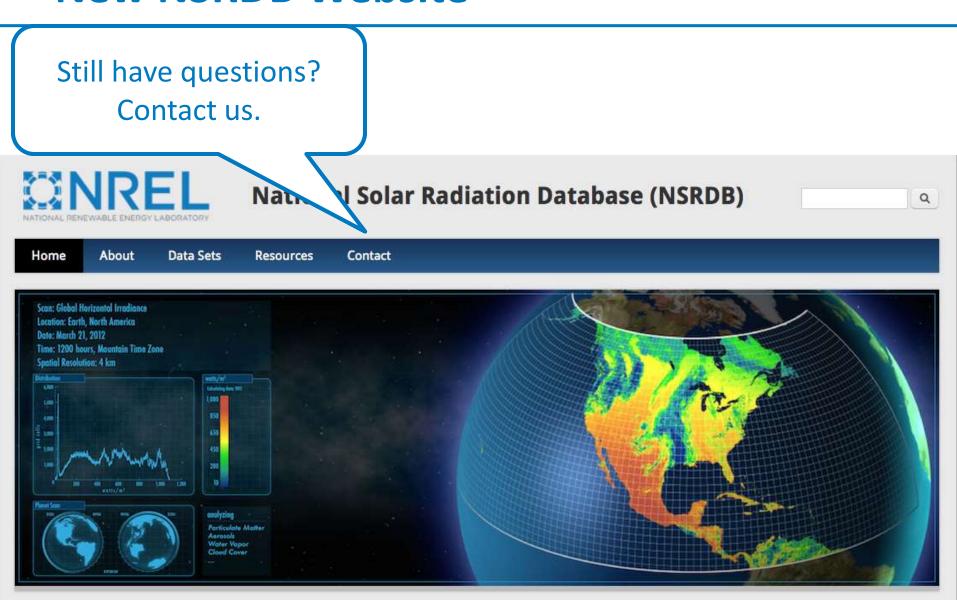


About

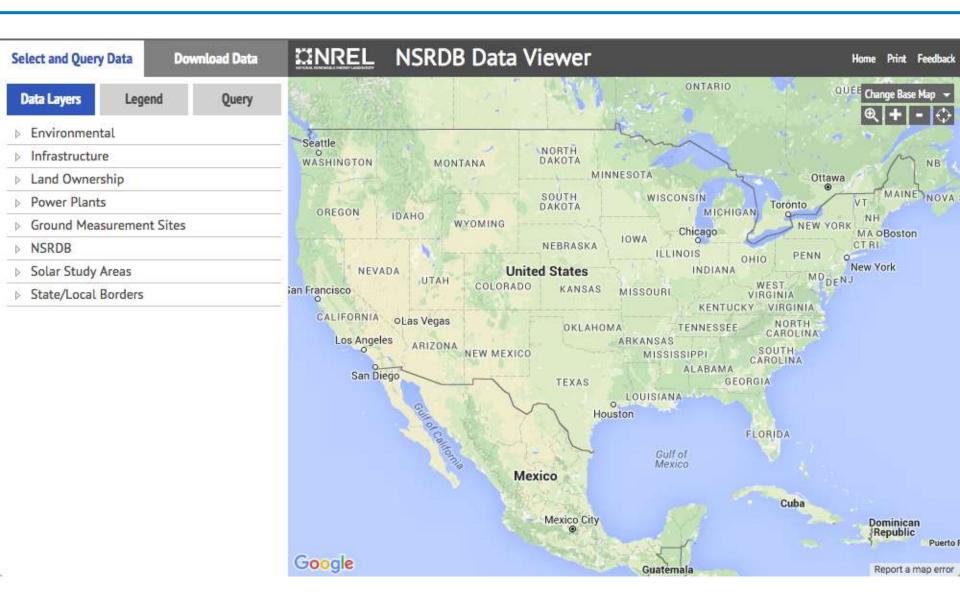
Home

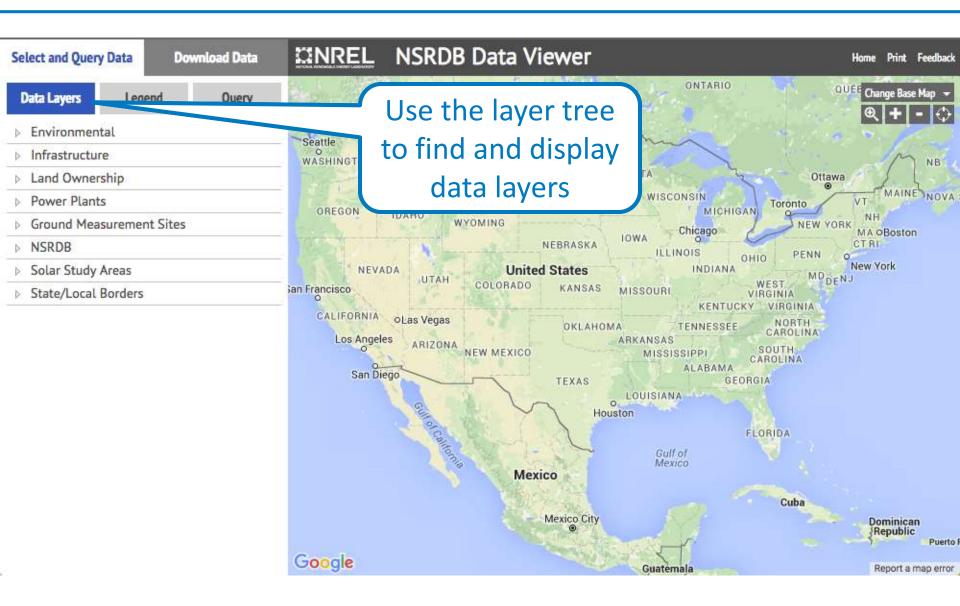
onal Solar Radiation Database (NSRDB)

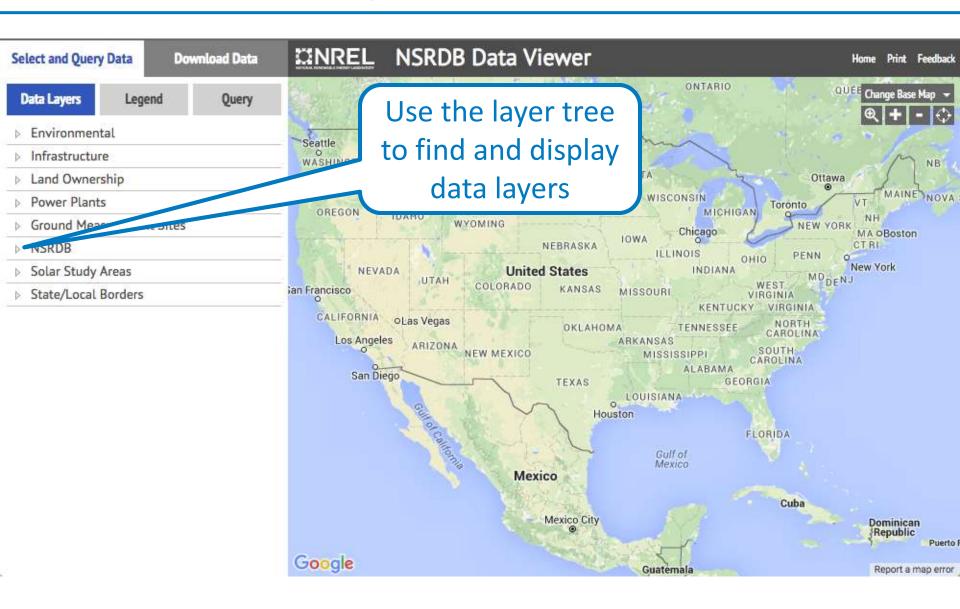
Q

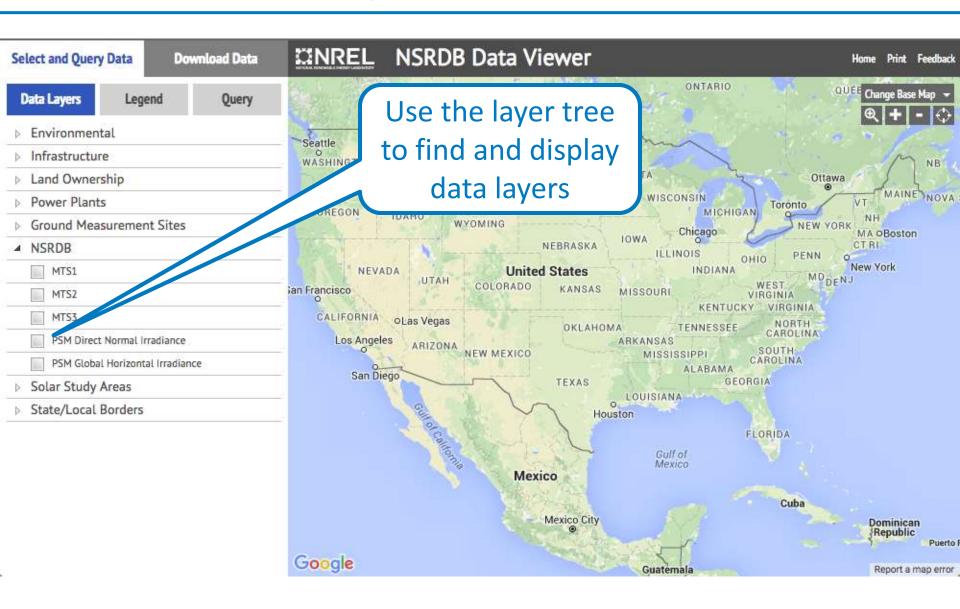


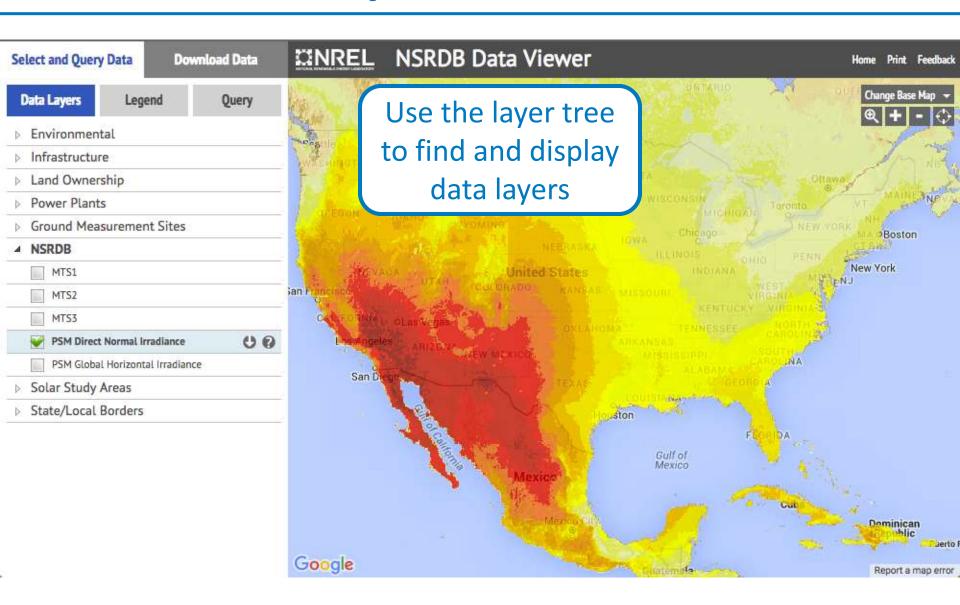
New NSRDB Viewer

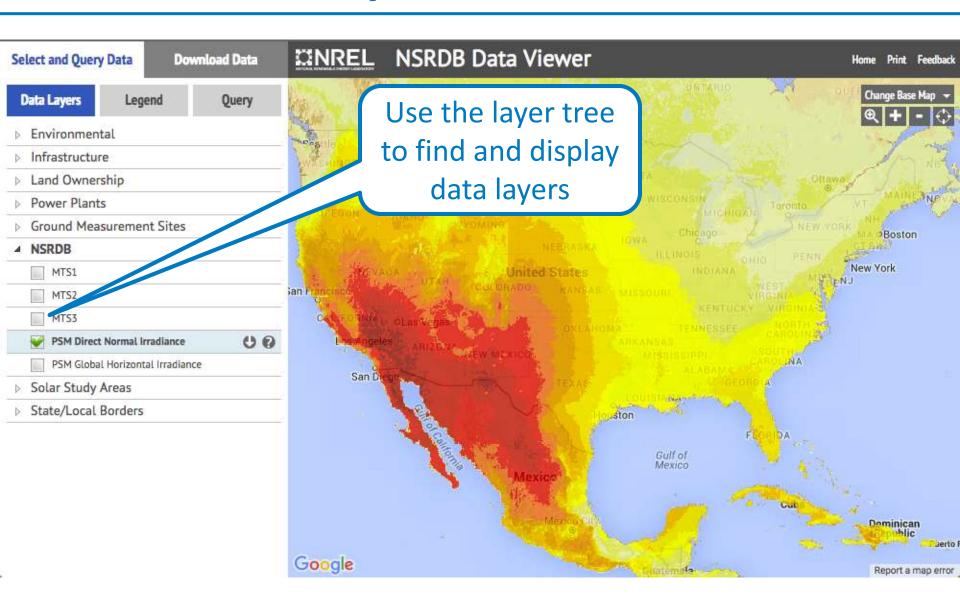


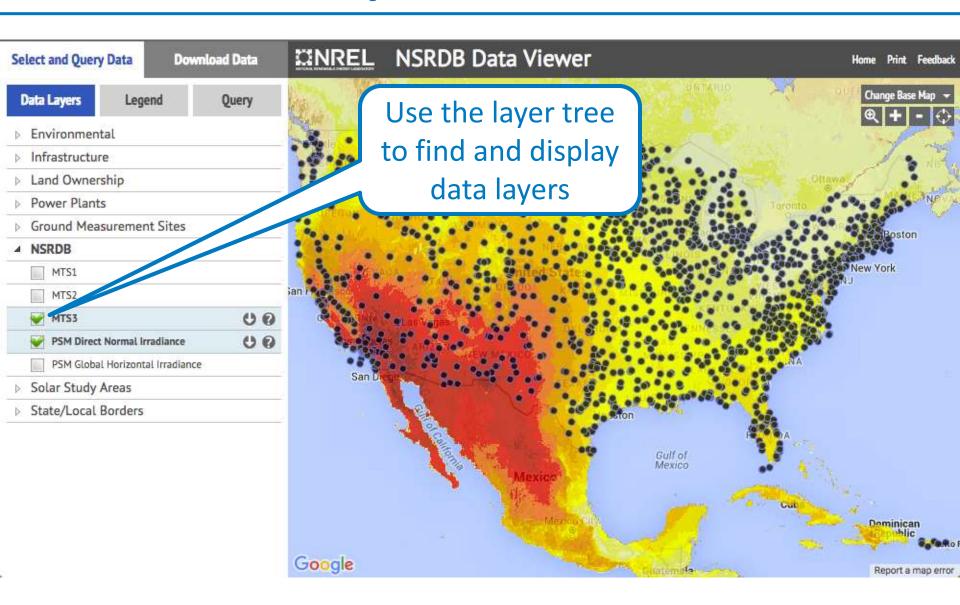


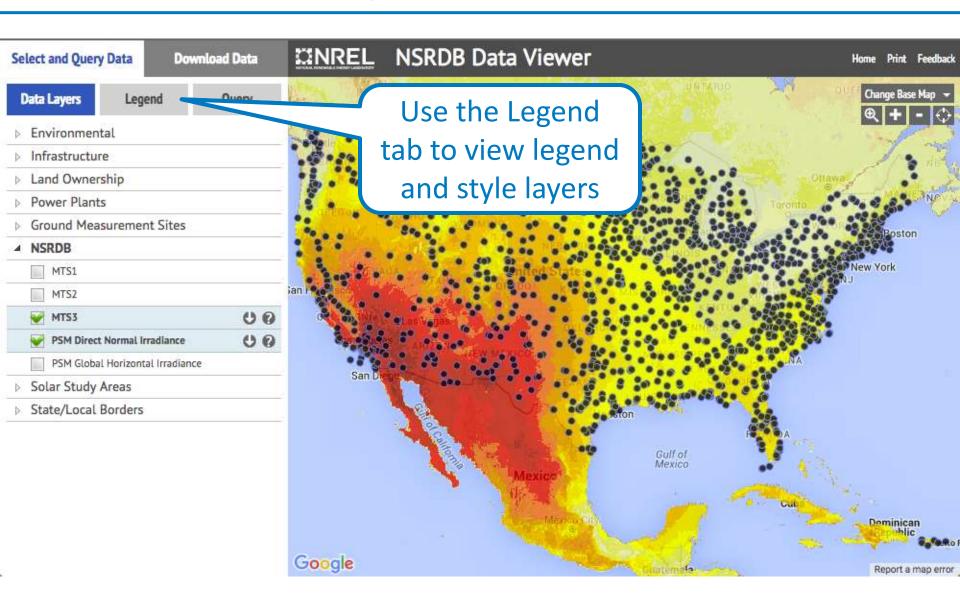


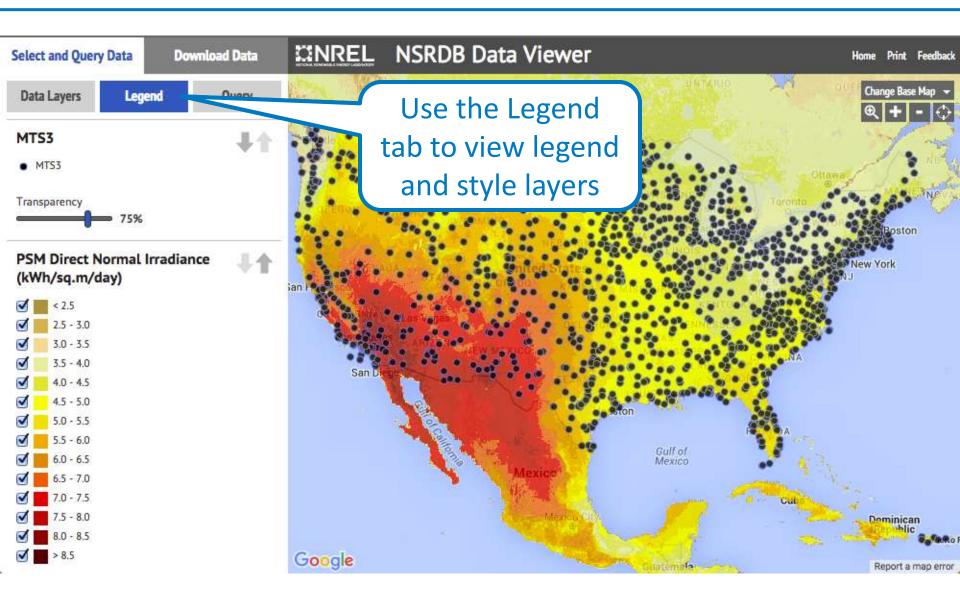


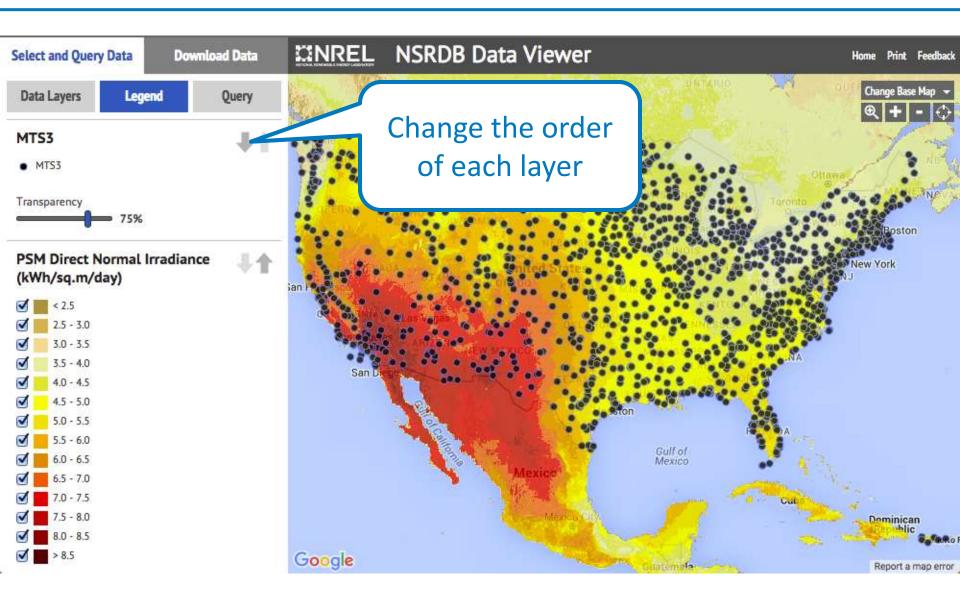


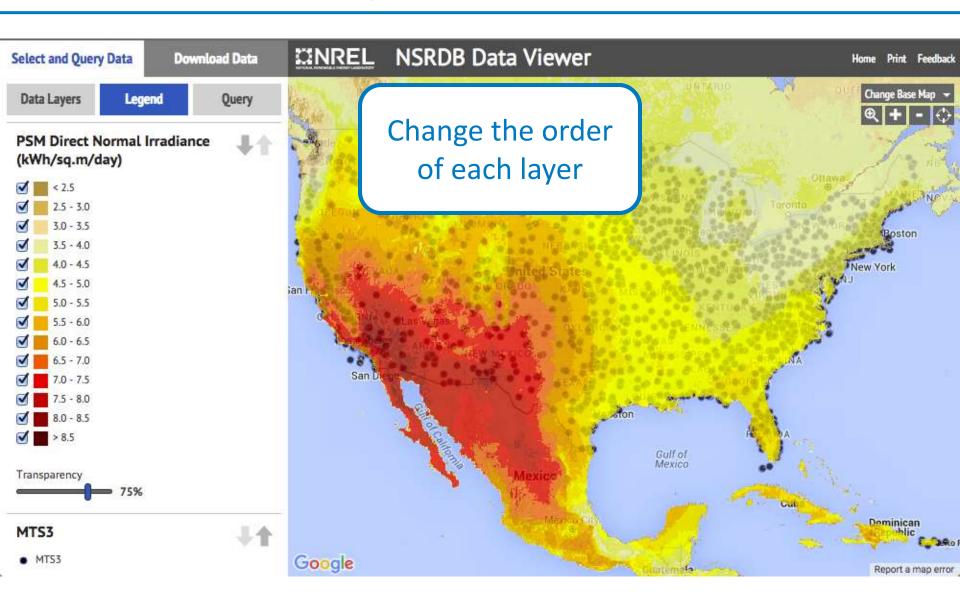


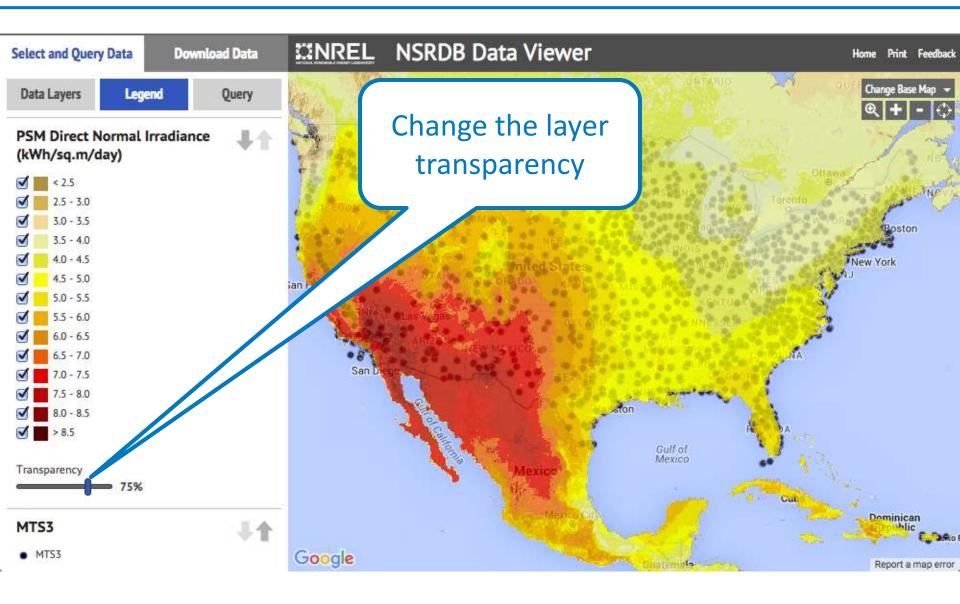


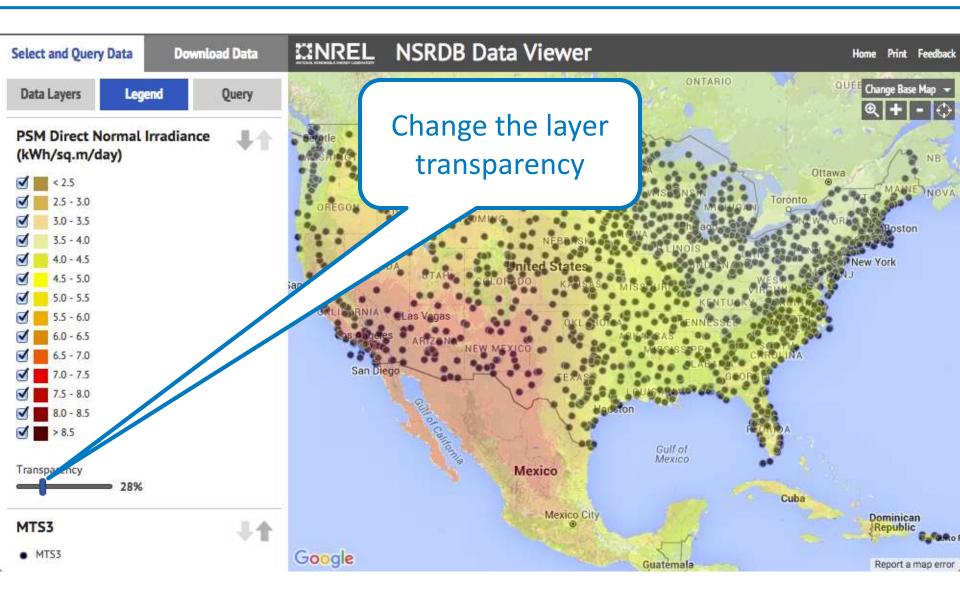


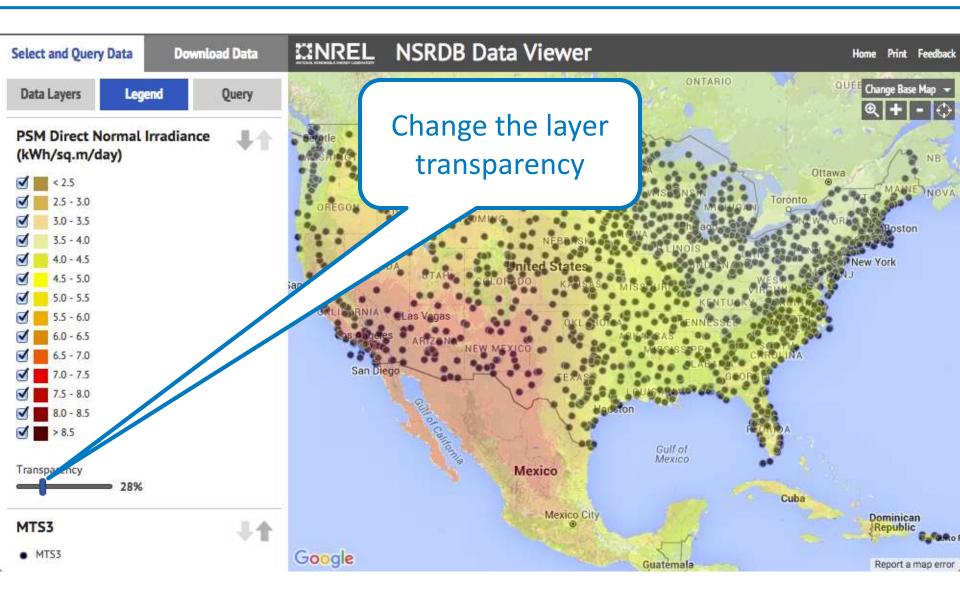


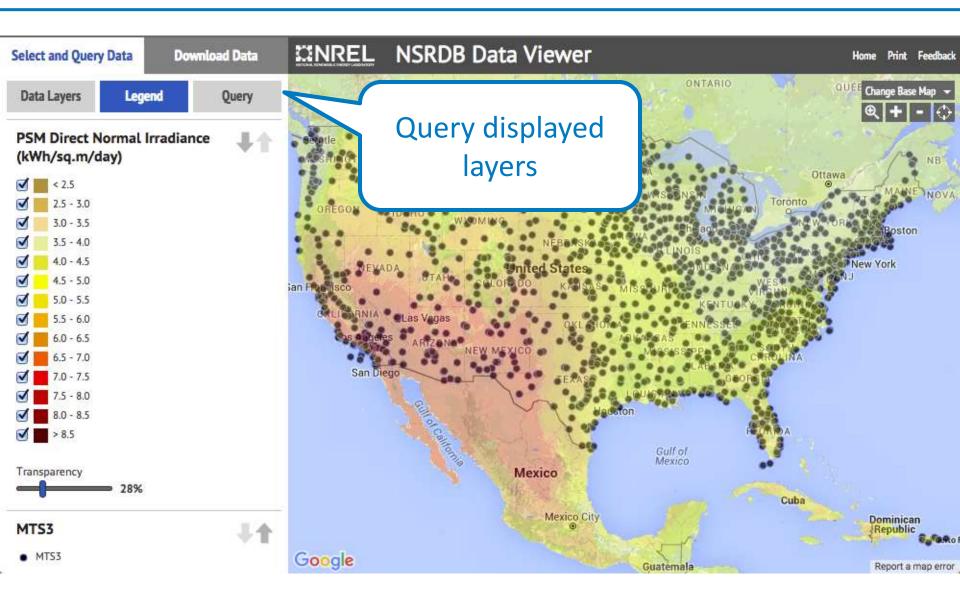


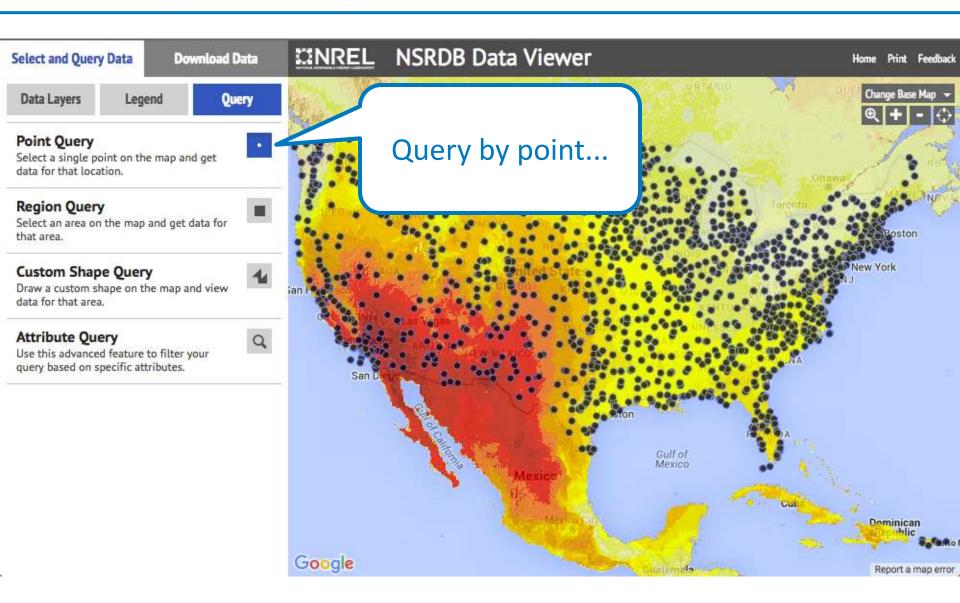


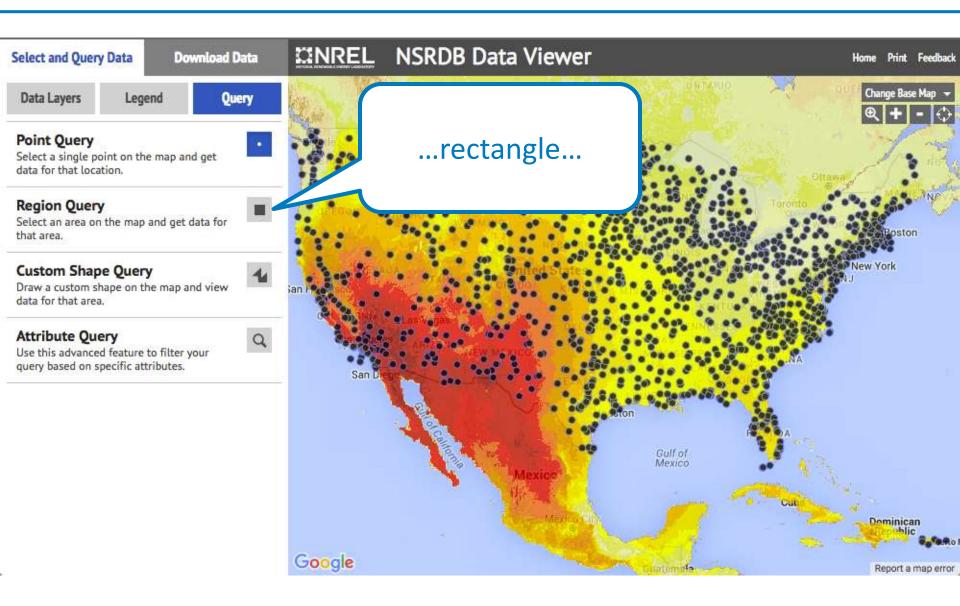


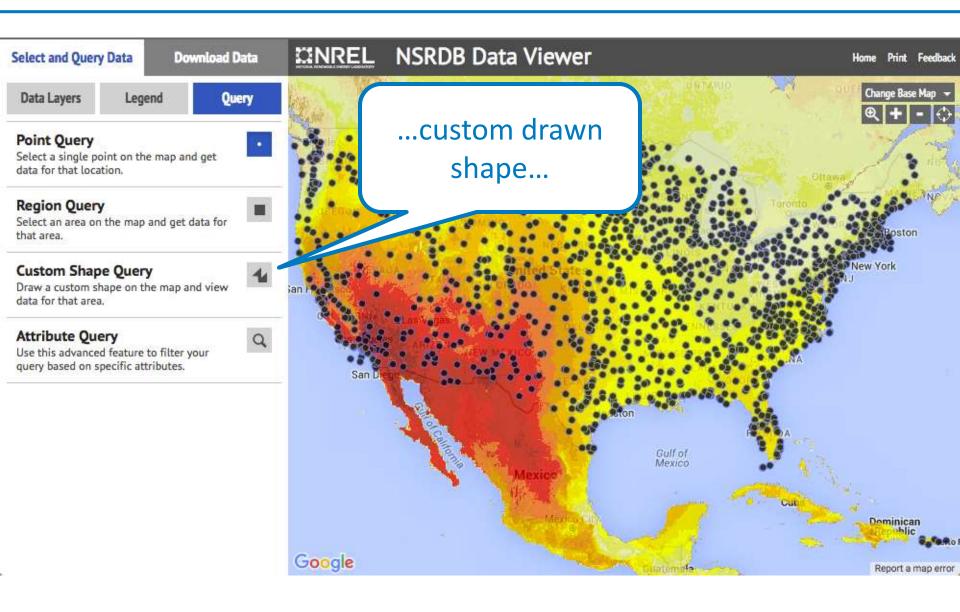




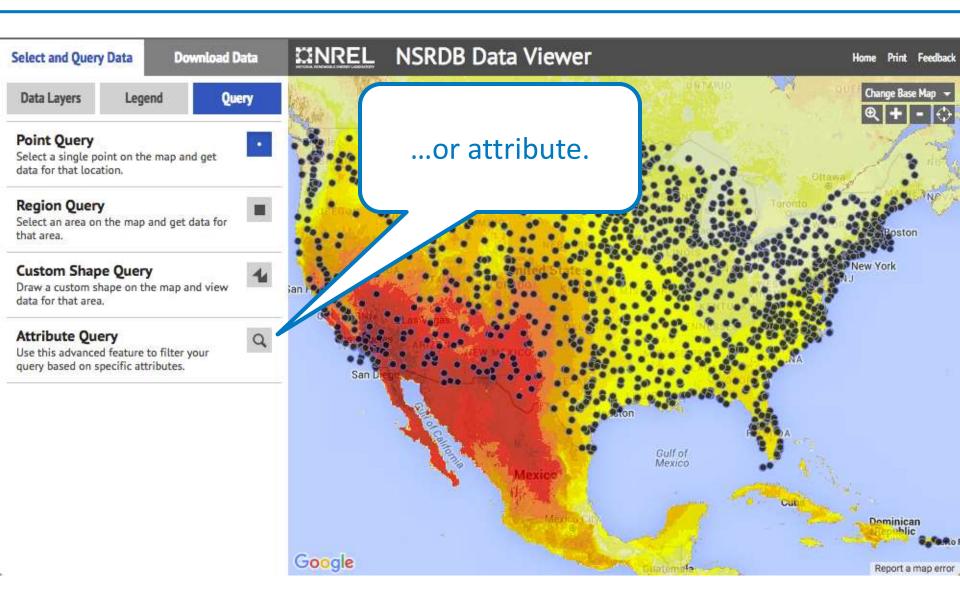




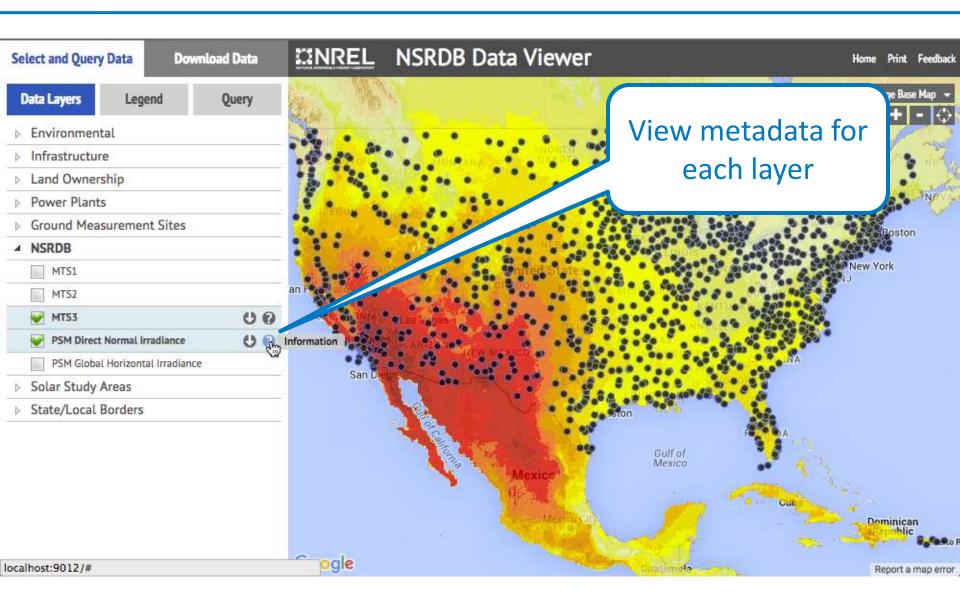




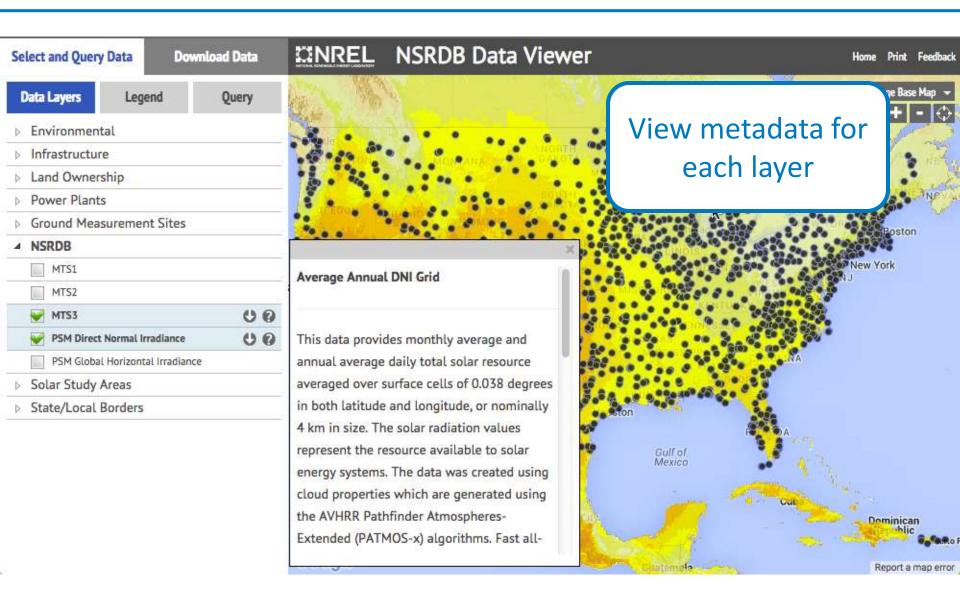
45



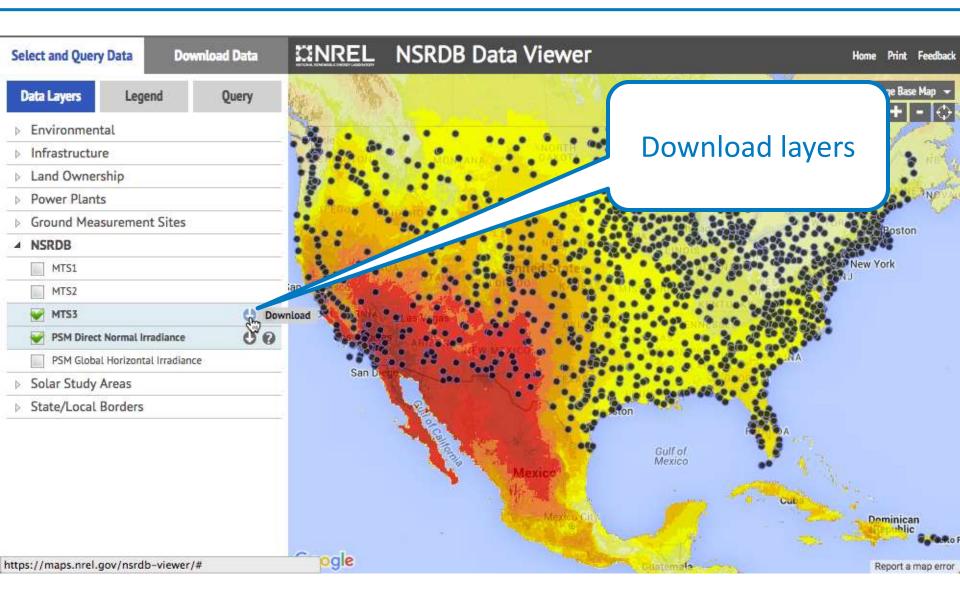
Layer Metadata



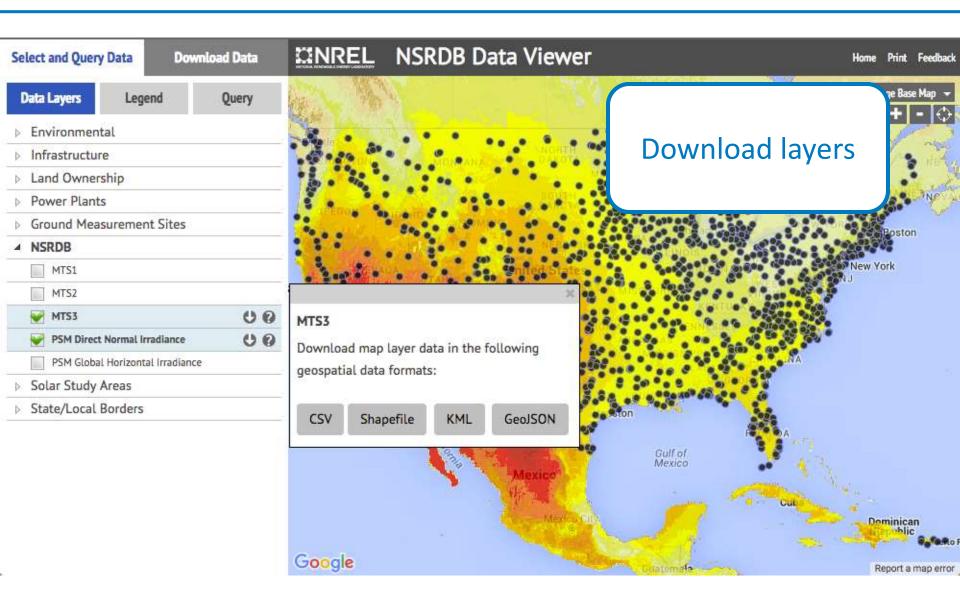
Layer Metadata



Layer Downloads

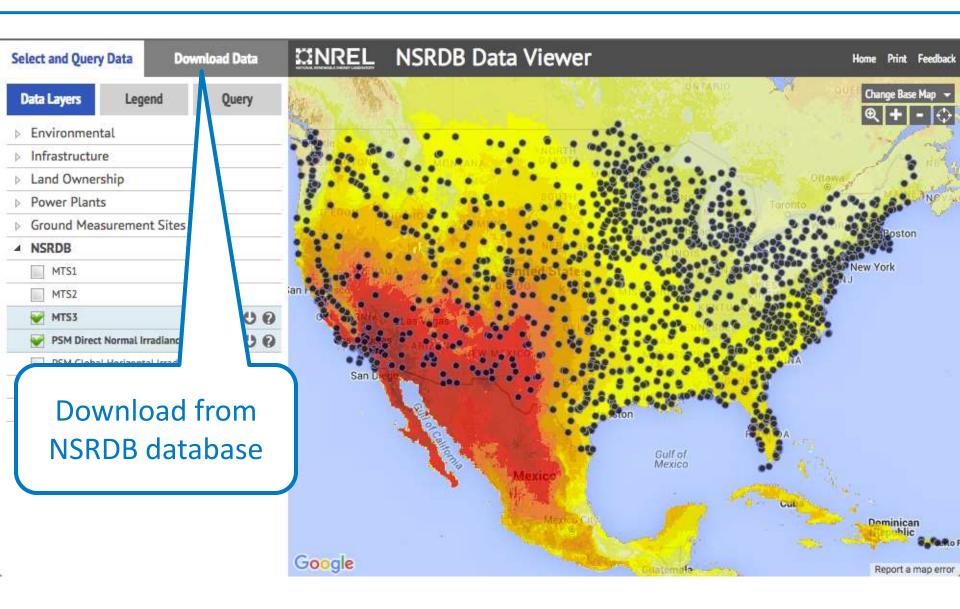


Layer Downloads









Select and Query Data

Download Data

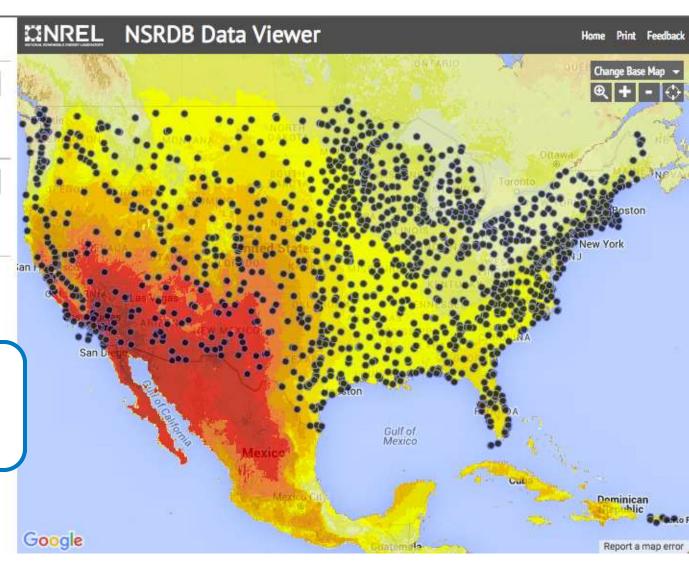
Download Solar Resource Data By Point

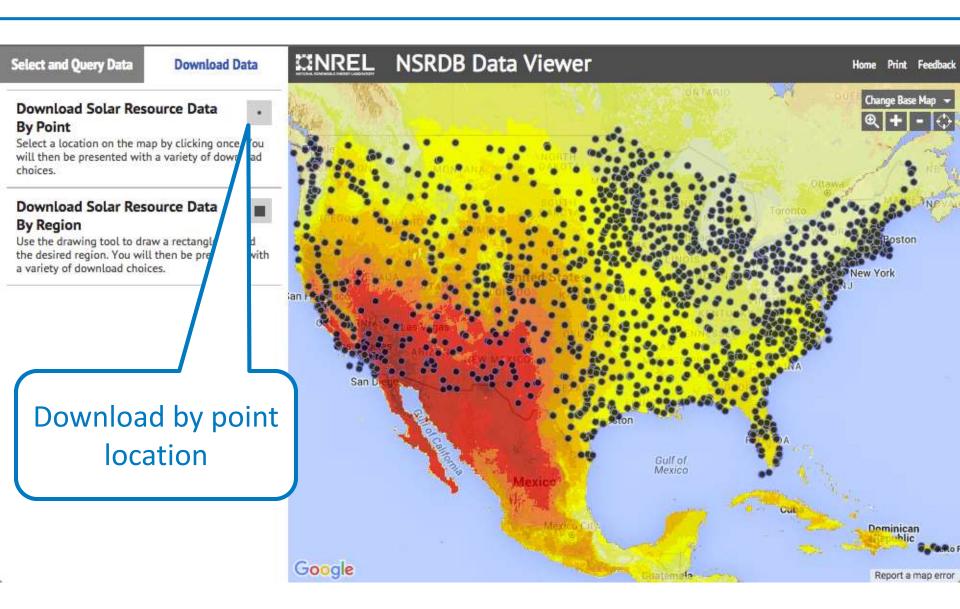
Select a location on the map by clicking once. You will then be presented with a variety of download choices.

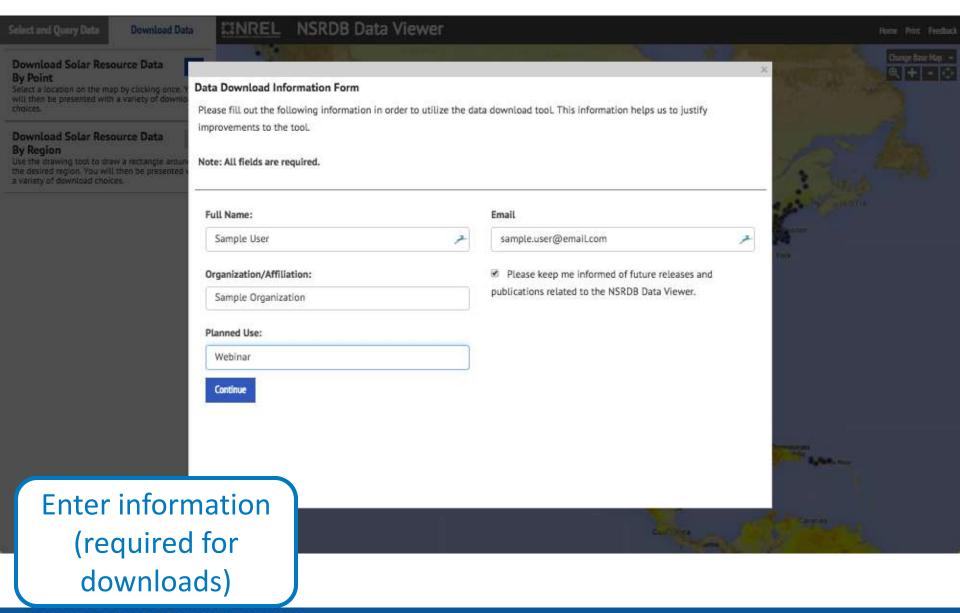
Download Solar Resource Data By Region

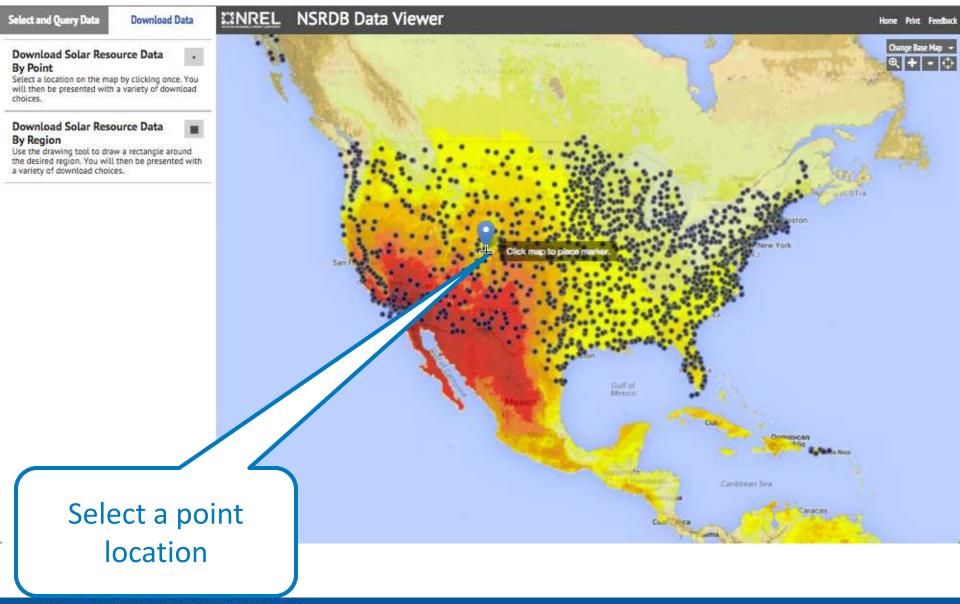
Use the drawing tool to draw a rectangle around the desired region. You will then be presented with a variety of download choices.

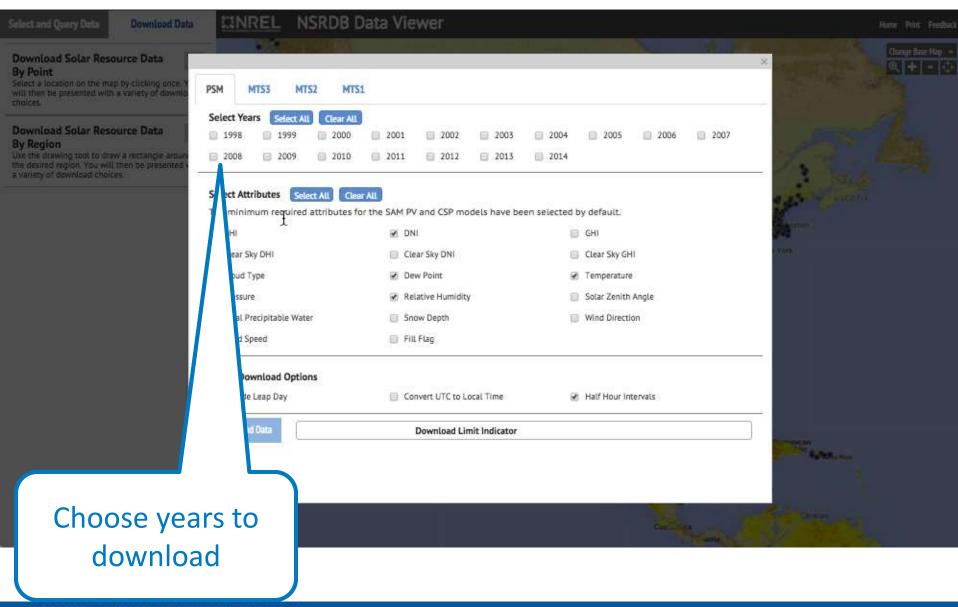
Download from NSRDB database

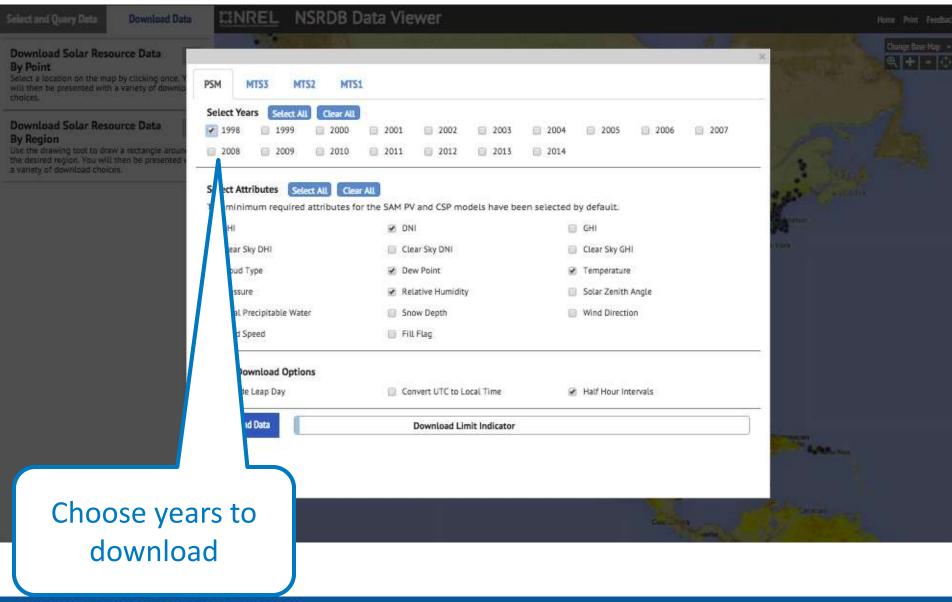


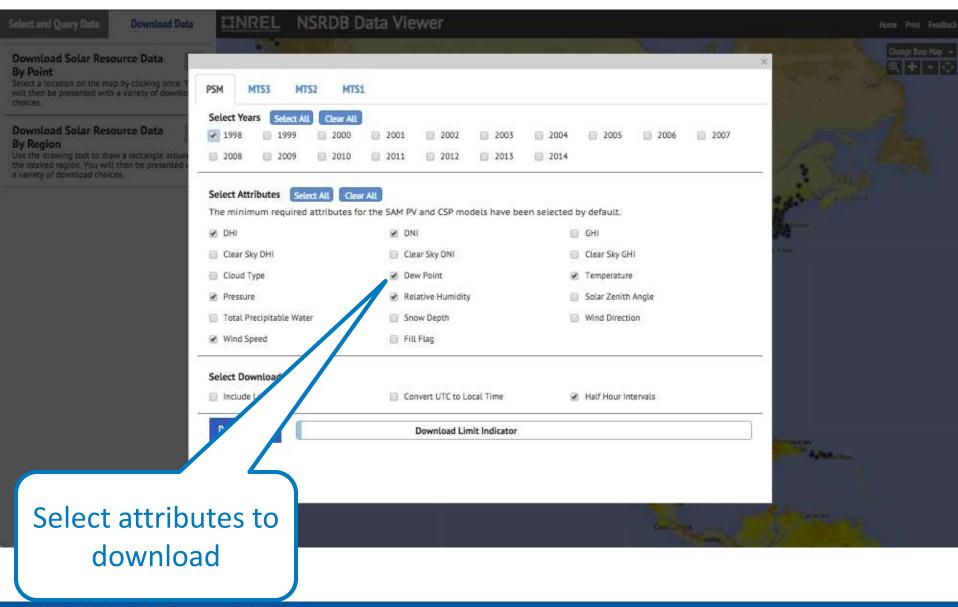


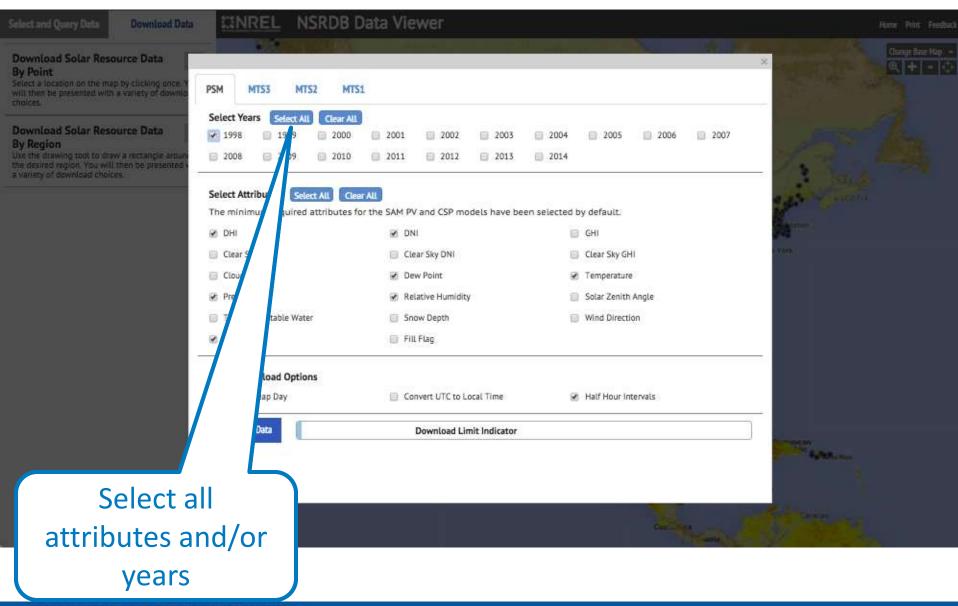


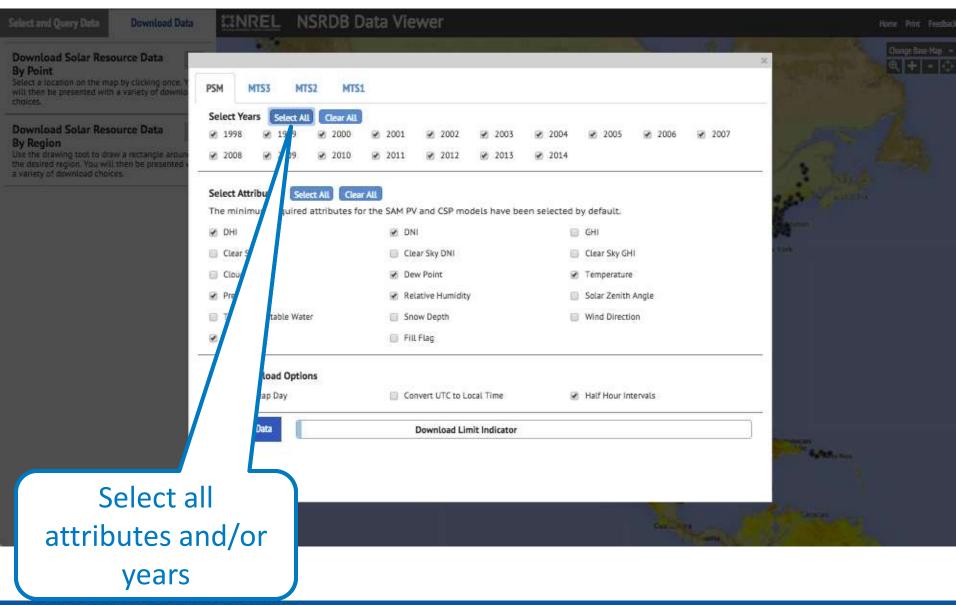


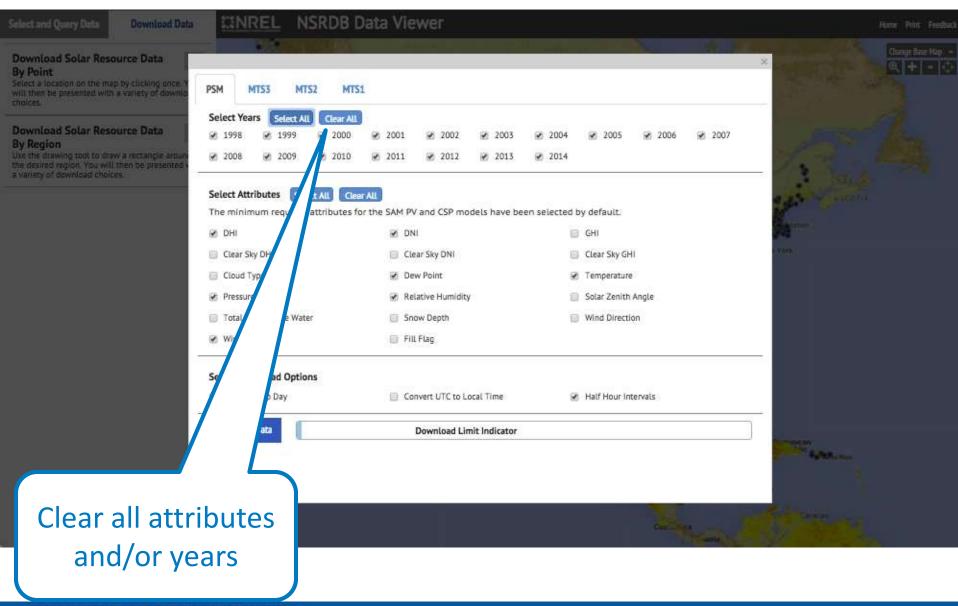


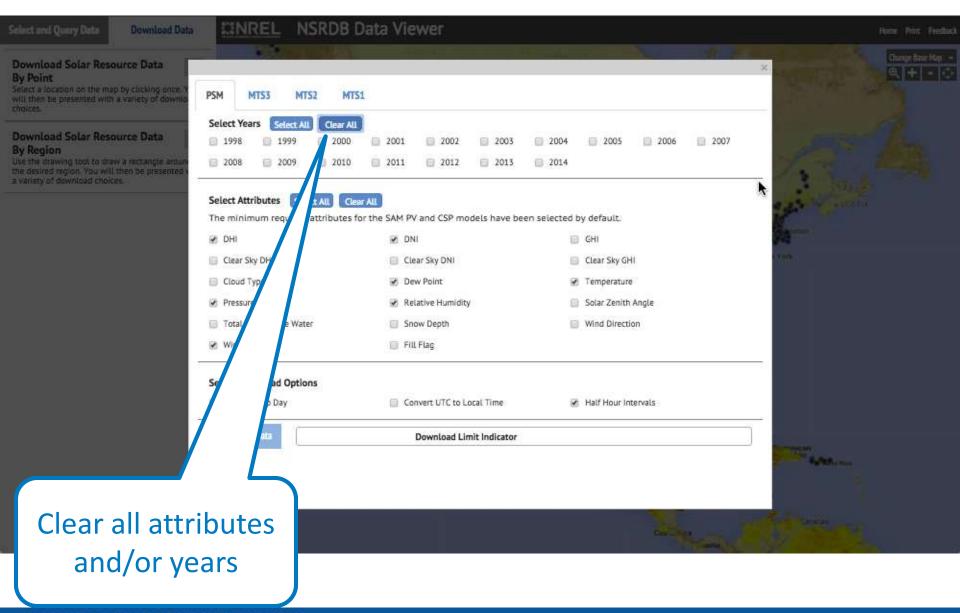


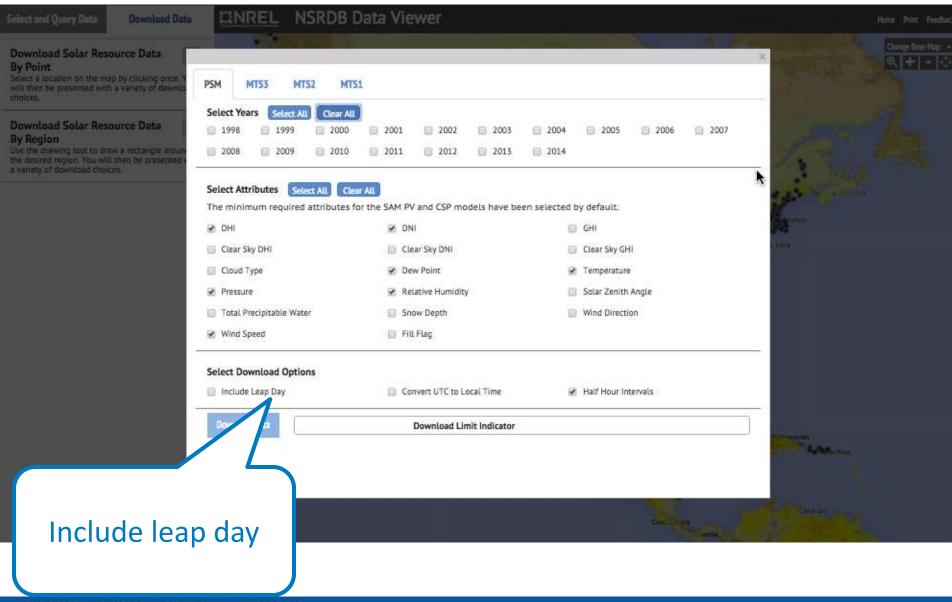


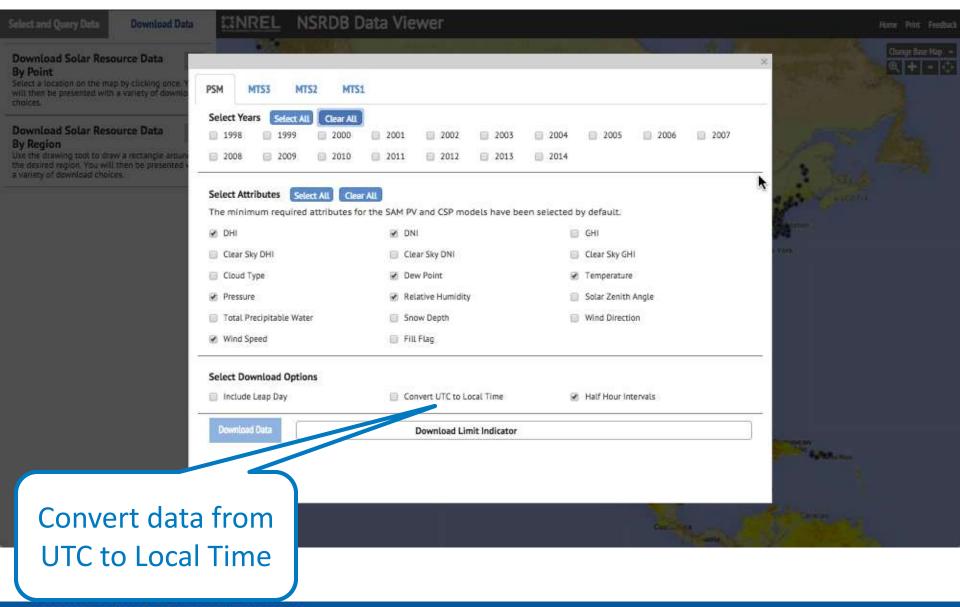


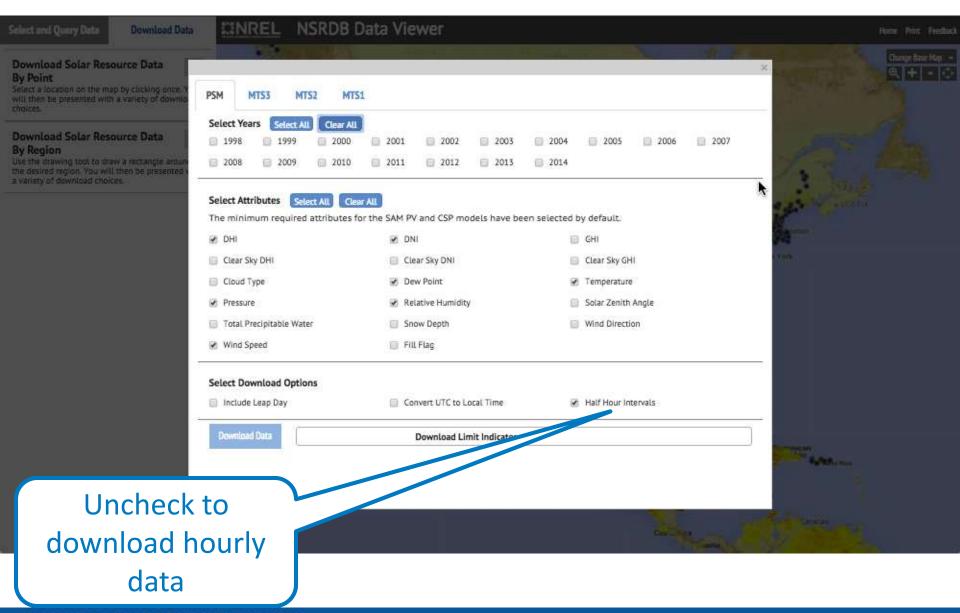


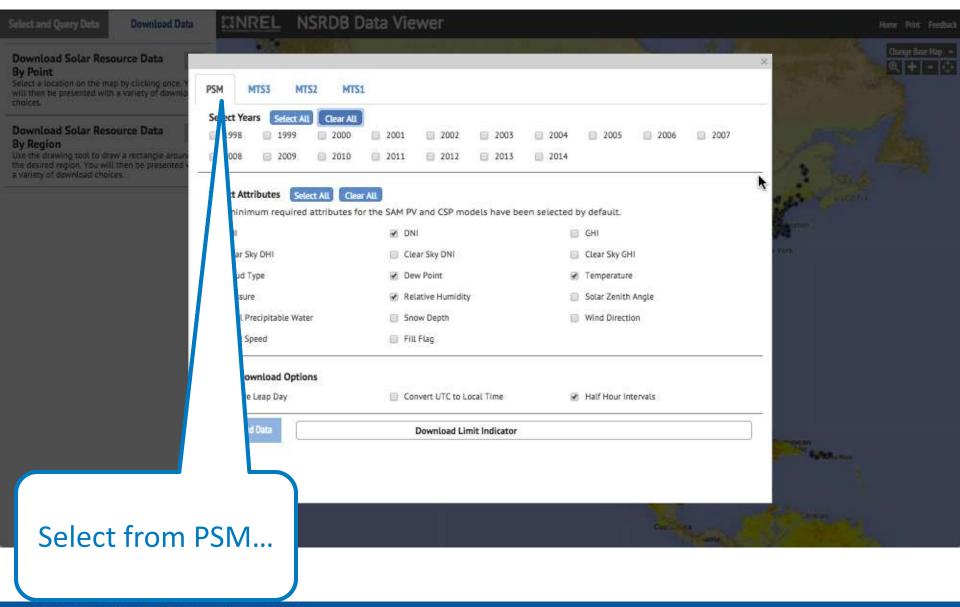


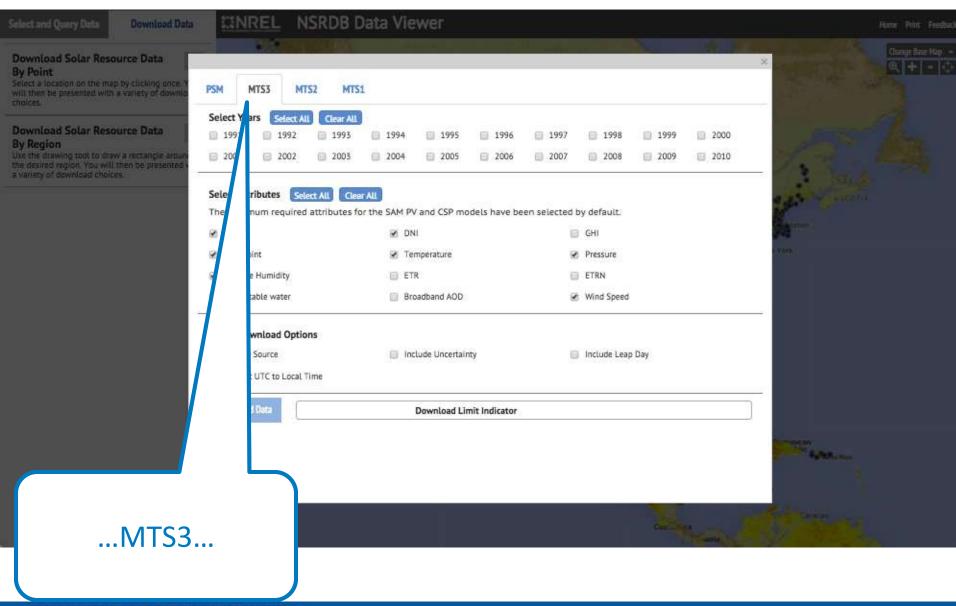


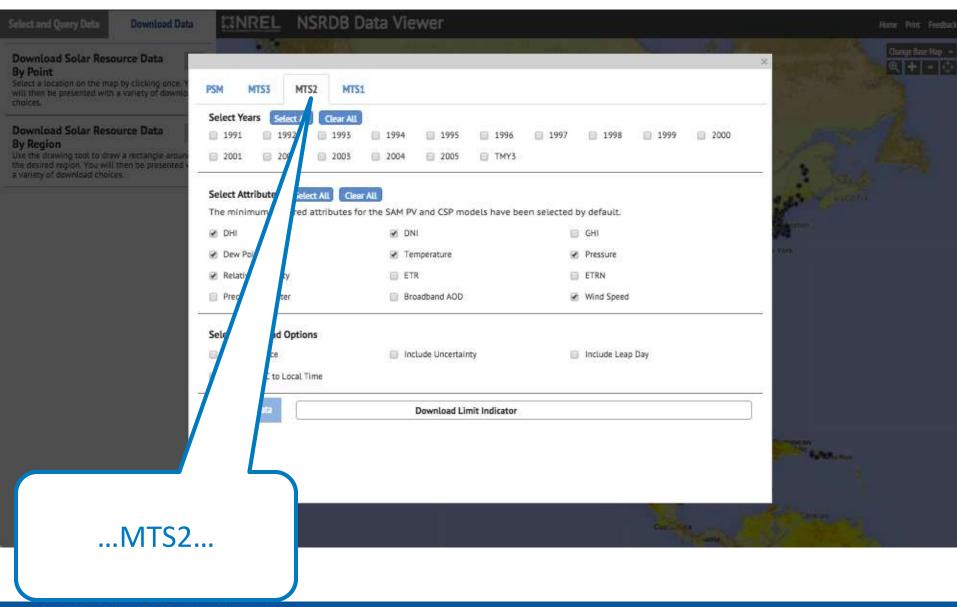


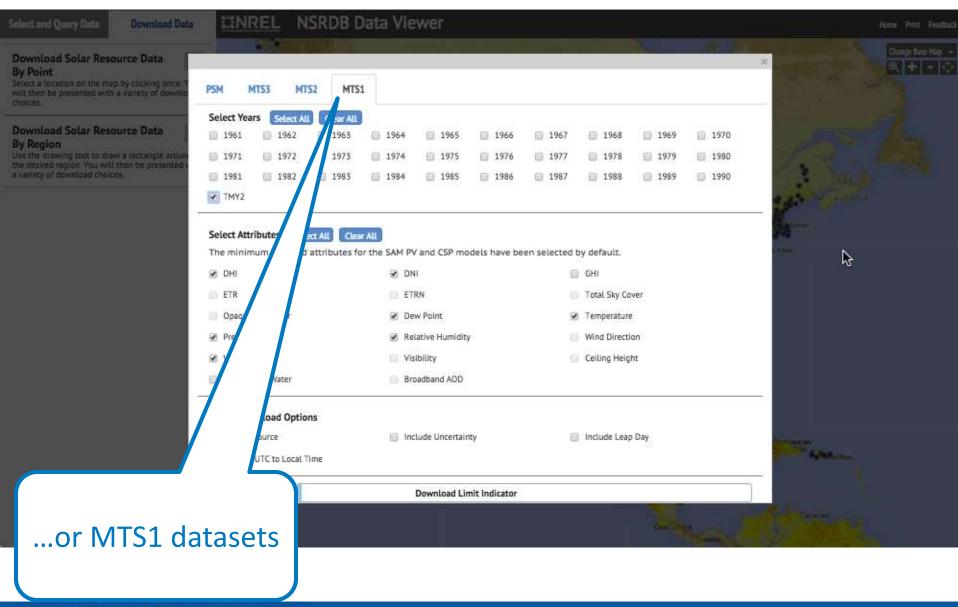


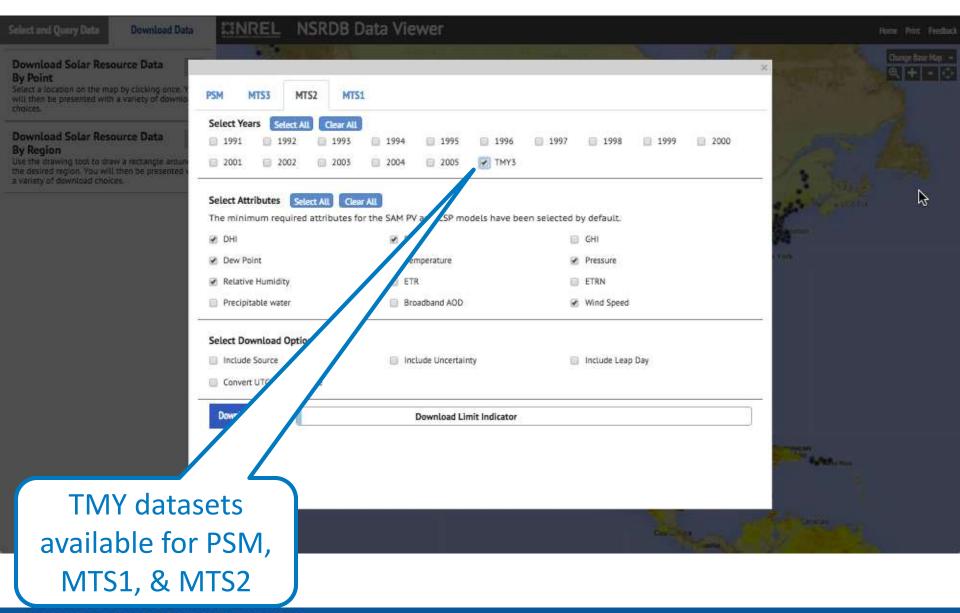


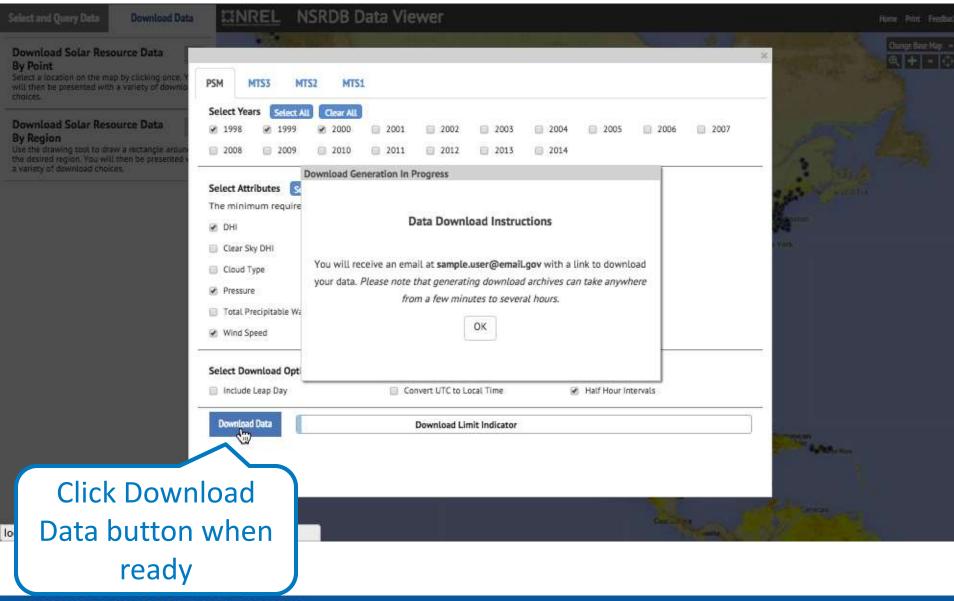


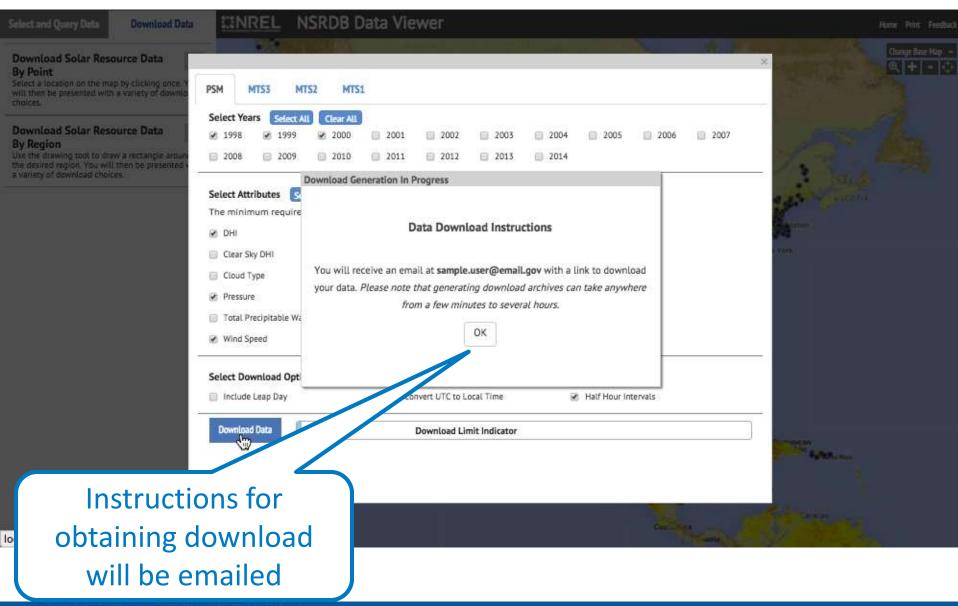


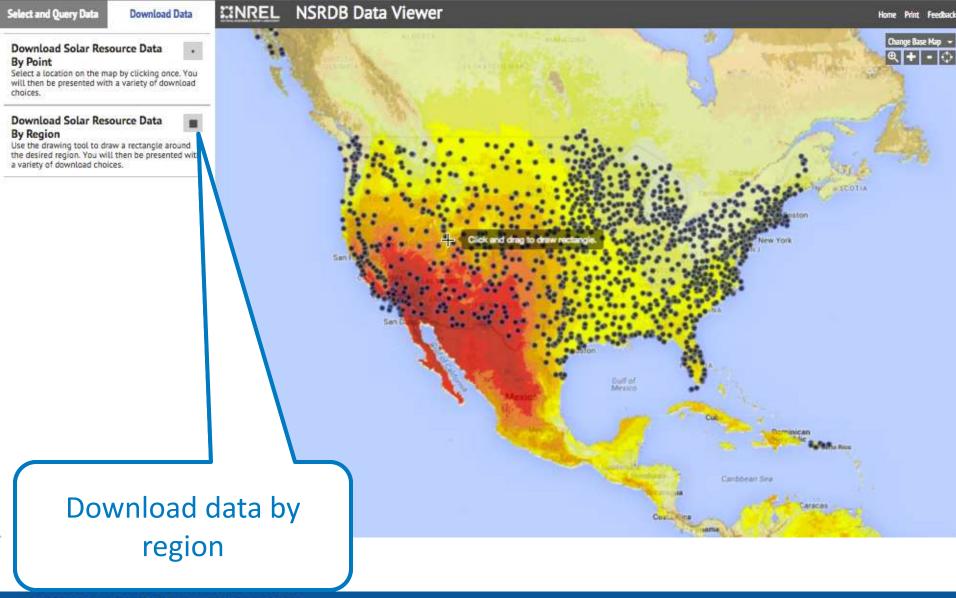












Download Solar Resource Data

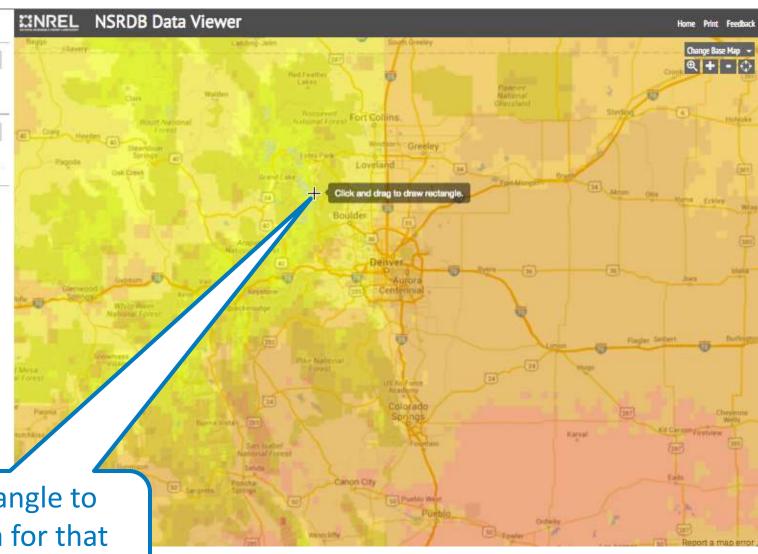
By Point

Download Solar Resource Data

Select a location on the map by clicking once. You will then be presented with a variety of download choices.

Download Solar Resource Data By Region

Use the drawing tool to draw a rectangle around the desired region. You will then be presented with a variety of download choices.



Draw rectangle to obtain data for that region

Select and Query Data

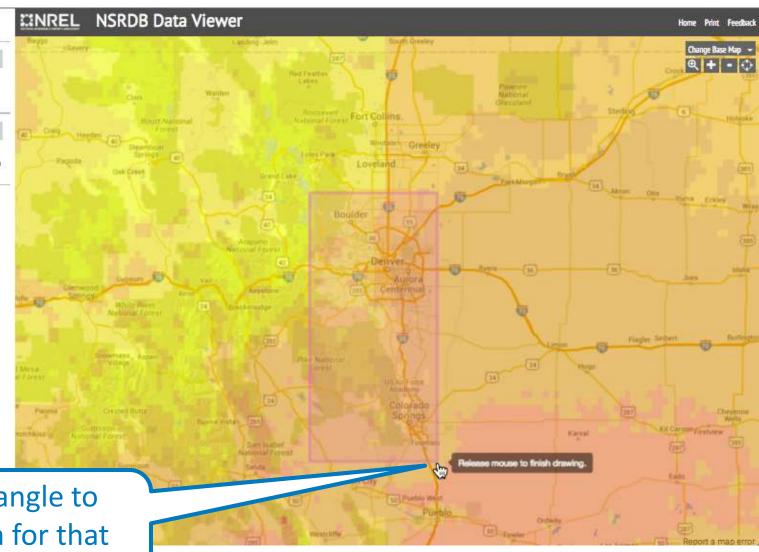
Download Data

Download Solar Resource Data By Point

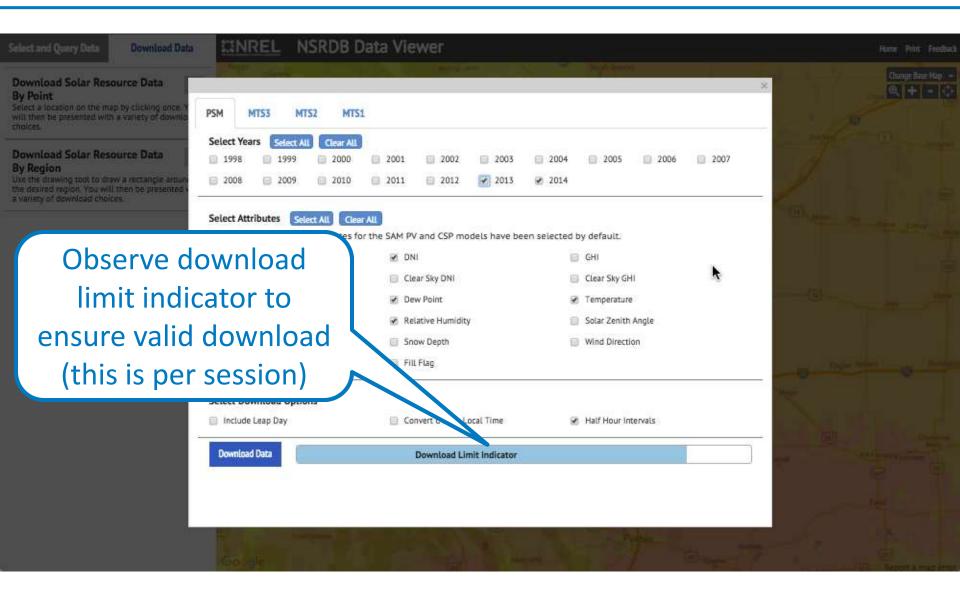
Select a location on the map by clicking once. You will then be presented with a variety of download choices.

Download Solar Resource Data By Region

Use the drawing tool to draw a rectangle around the desired region. You will then be presented with a variety of download choices.



Draw rectangle to obtain data for that region



Wait for email with download instructions

Your data is ready! Please click the lnk below to download your file. This link will remain valid for 24 hours.

https://maps.nrel.gov/api/developer_proxy?
site_url=solar/nsrdb_file_download&filename=bfe1c9c1a9586a827001dbba3439bcad.zip

Thank you for using <u>The NSRDB Data Viewer</u> at https://maps.nrel.gov/nsrdb-viewer

For relatively small downloads, a direct link to the zip file will be included in the email

. This

Your data is ready! Please click the lnk below to download link will remain valid for 24 hours.

https://maps.nrel.gov/api/developer_proxy?
site_url=solar/nsrdb_file_download&filename=bfe1c9c1a9586a827001dbba3439bcad.zip

Thank you for using <u>The NSRDB Data Viewer</u> at https://maps.nrel.gov/nsrdb-viewer

Larger downloads use the Globus service. Follow the instructions in the link to set up an account.

Your data is ready! The file is named 2015-11-30_15:42:21/9aa67fe001a132e6aee08396673d2 available for 24 hours.

zip. This file will be

For full instructions on completing your download via Globus Connect, please view the page at: https://nsrdb.nrel.gov/nsrdb-viewer

Thank you for using The NSRDB Data Viewer at https://maps.nrel.gov/nsrdb-viewer

Globus Data Download Instructions

STEP 1

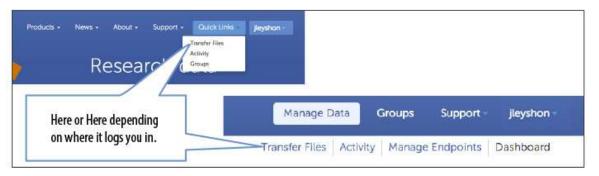
 Sign up for a Globus account at https://www.globus.org/SignUp. The email verification link will likely open a new browser window from your inbox and log you into Globus.

STEP 2

· If the verification does not log you in, sign in at https://www.globus.org/.

STEP 3

Go to "Transfer Files."



STEP 4

· Set up a Globus Connect Personal Endpoint.

NOTE:

with the militaged to the though a billiant barfur routh a roce

Follow this link to sign up

for a Globus account

Globus Data Download Instructions

STEP 1

 Sign up for a Globus account at https://www.globus.org/SignUp. The email verification link will likely open a new browser window from your inbox and log you into Globus.

STEP 2

• If the verification does not log you in, sign in at https://www.globus.org/.

STEP 3

. Go to "Transfer Files."



Once your account has been created, sign in to your account

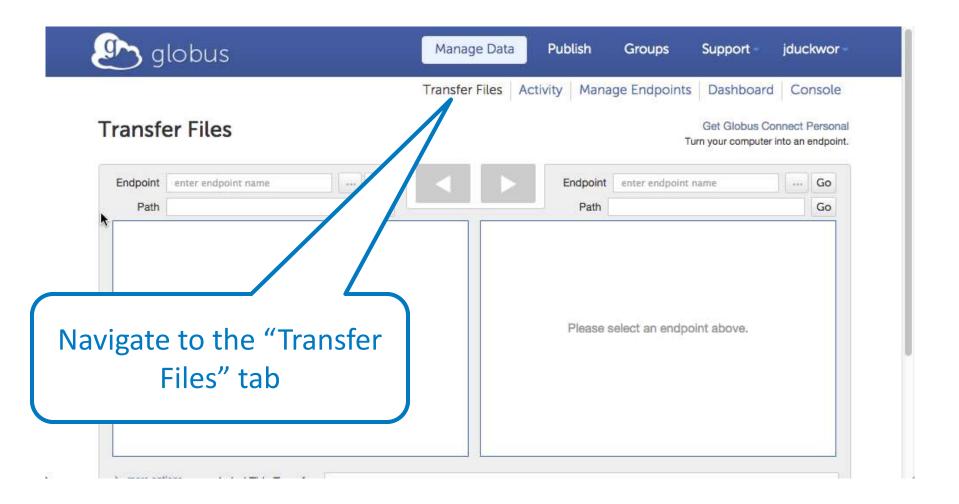


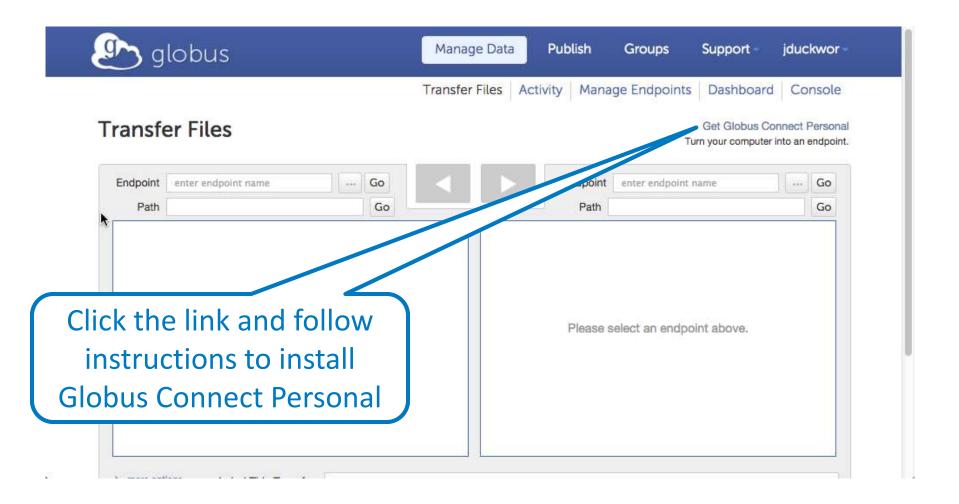
· Set up a Globus Connect Personal Endpoint.

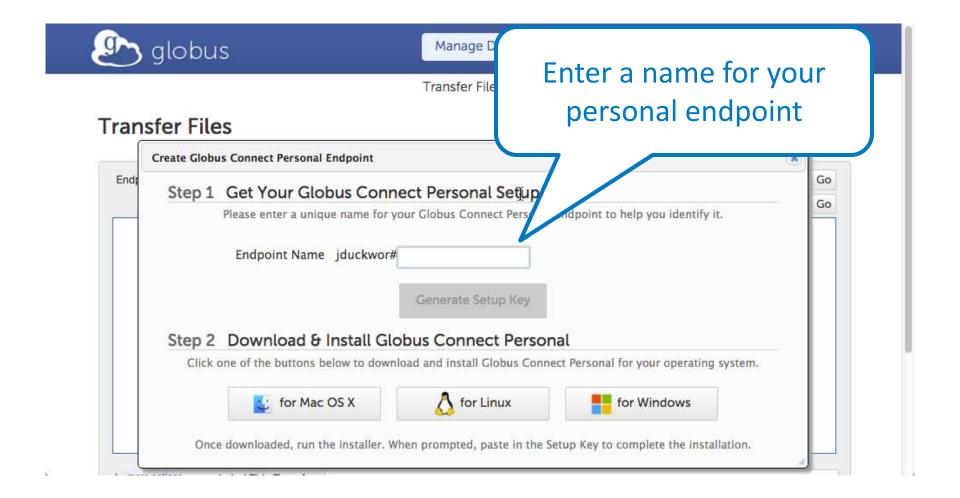
NOTE:

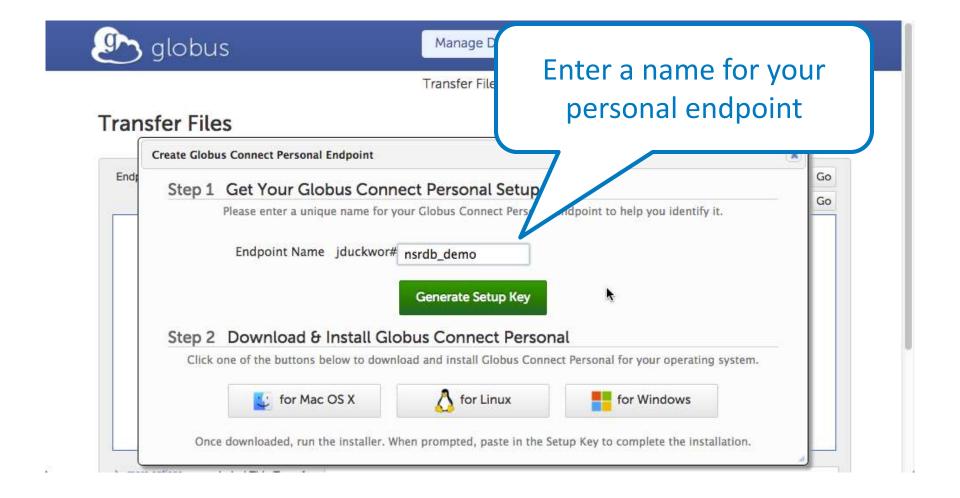
the second transfer and the second and better the few arms to second

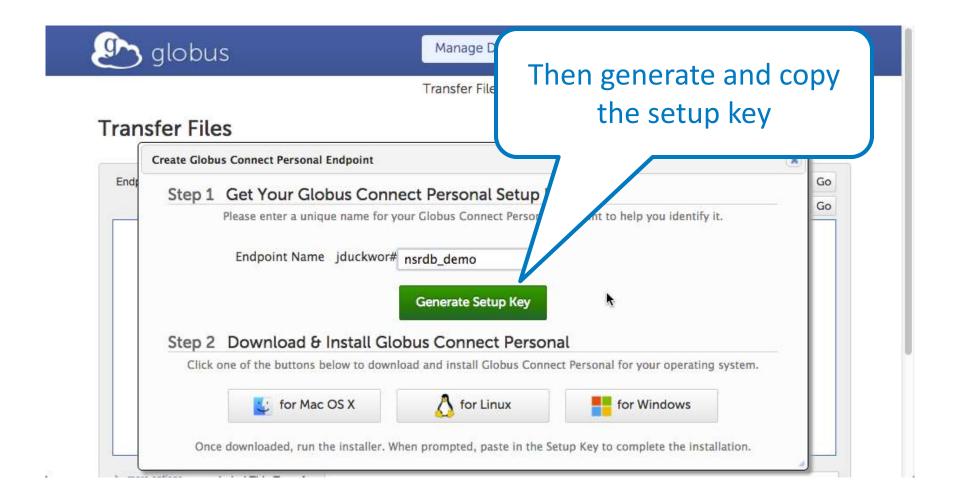


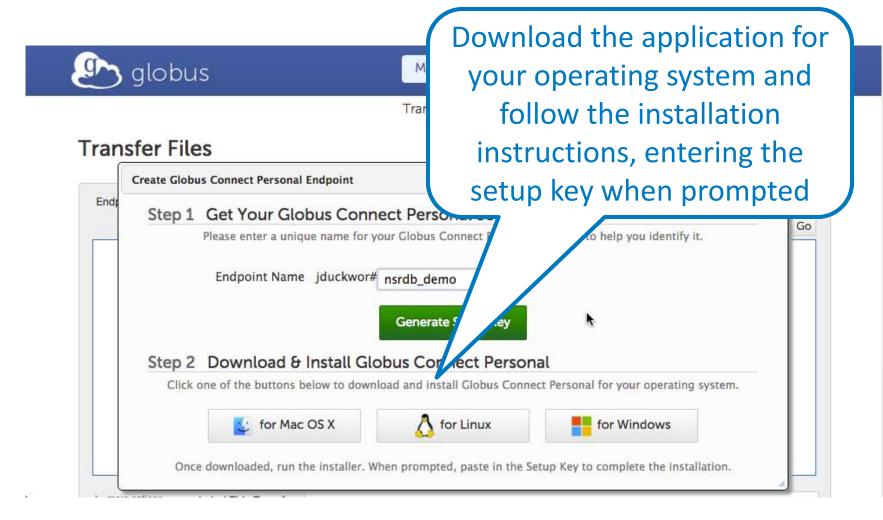


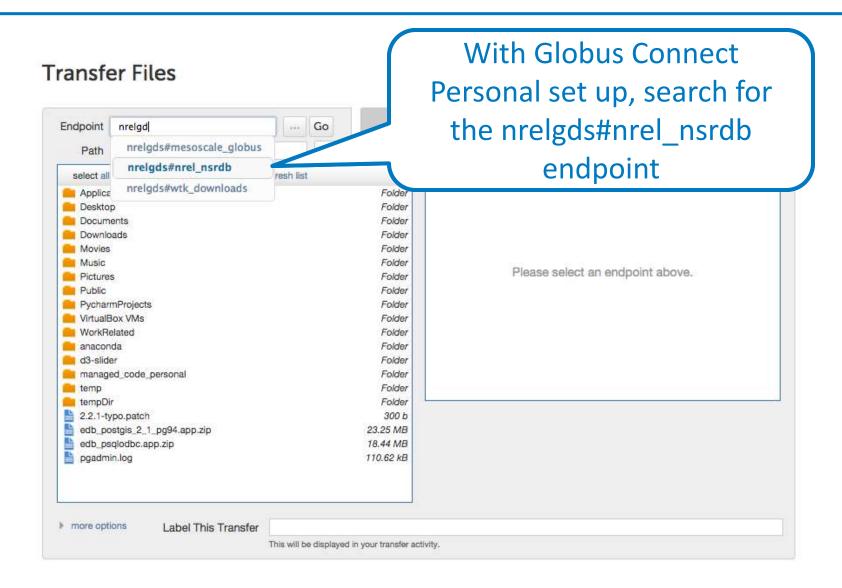


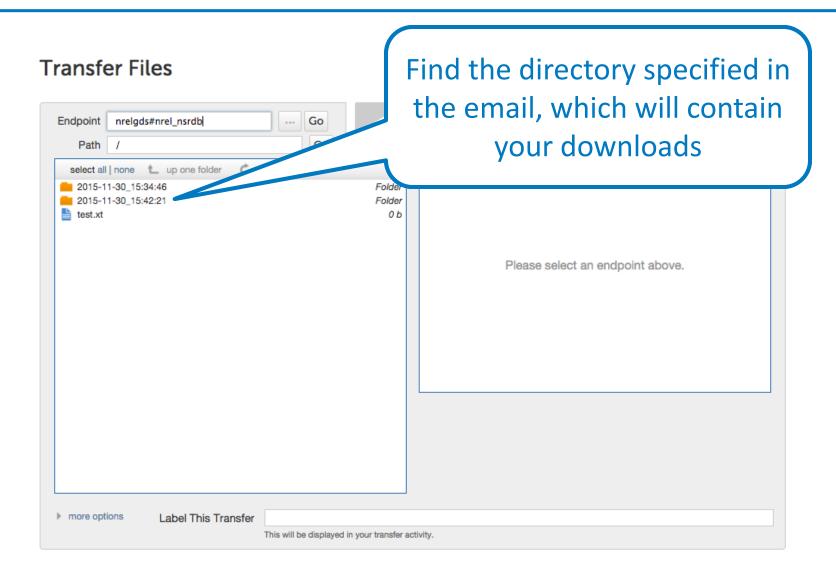


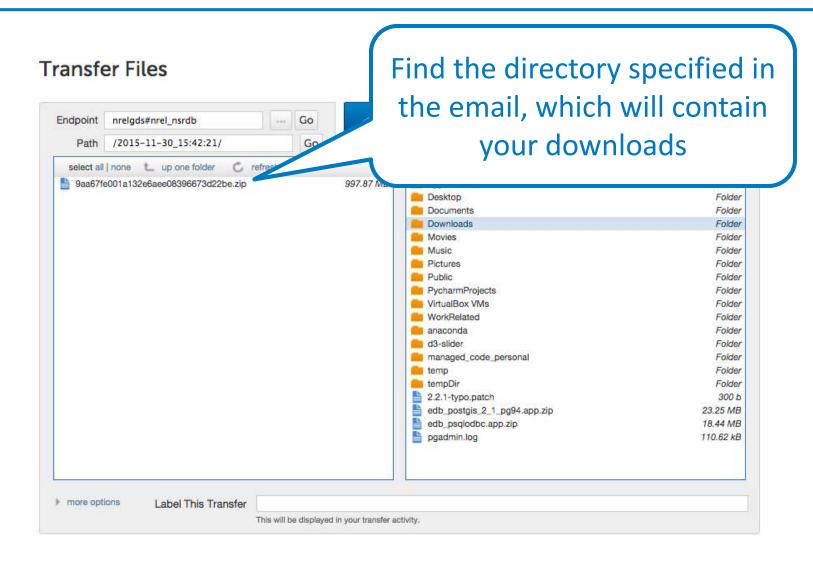


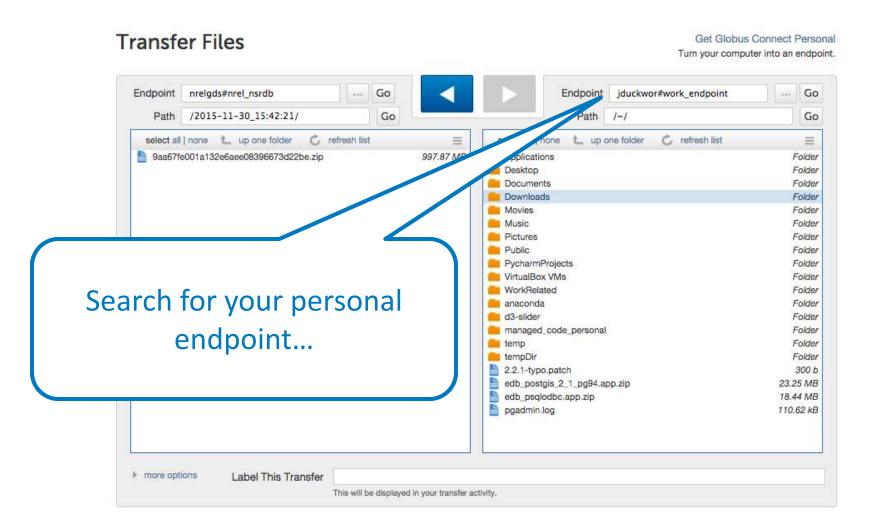


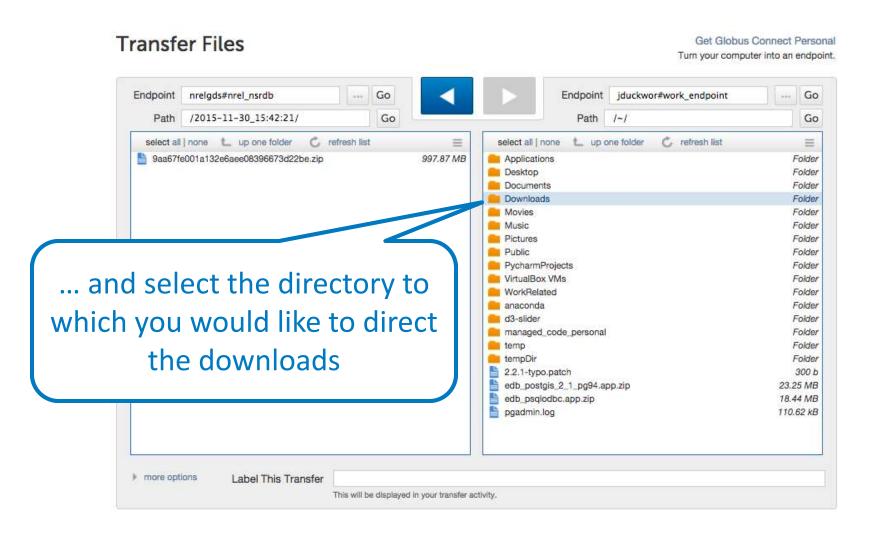


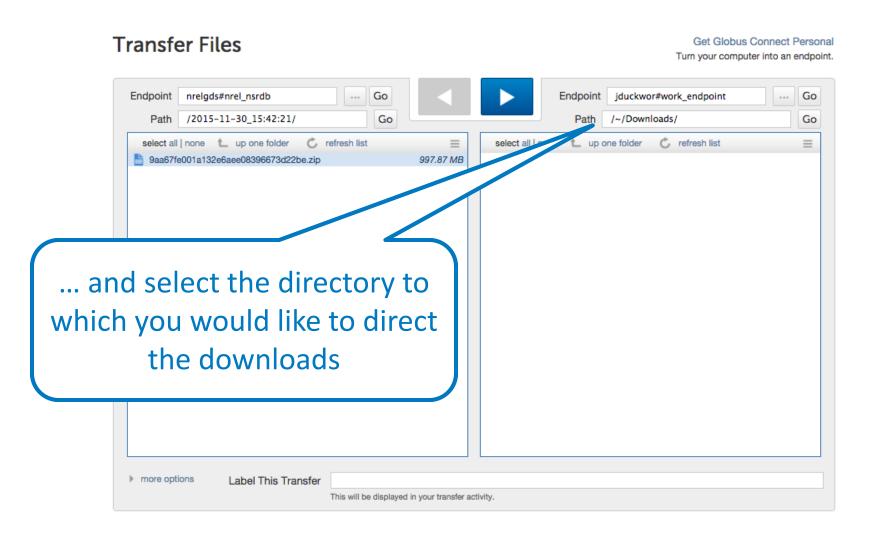


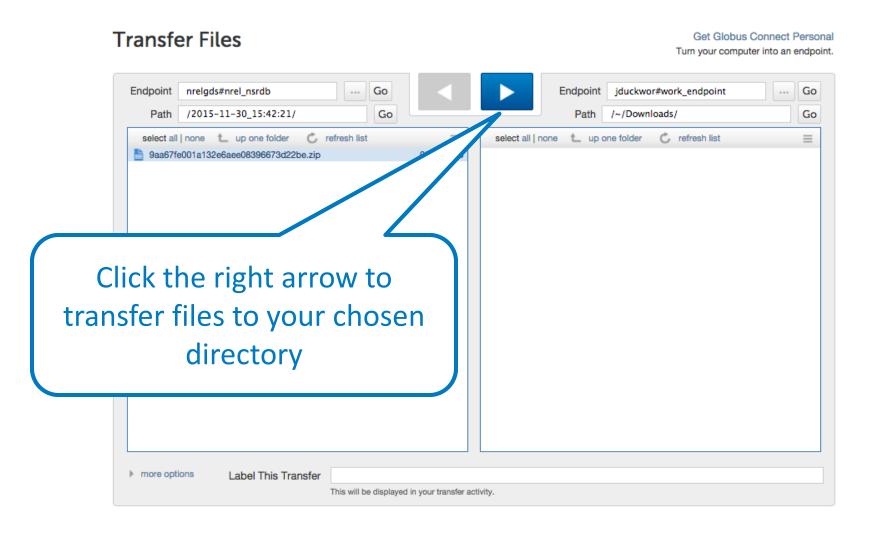


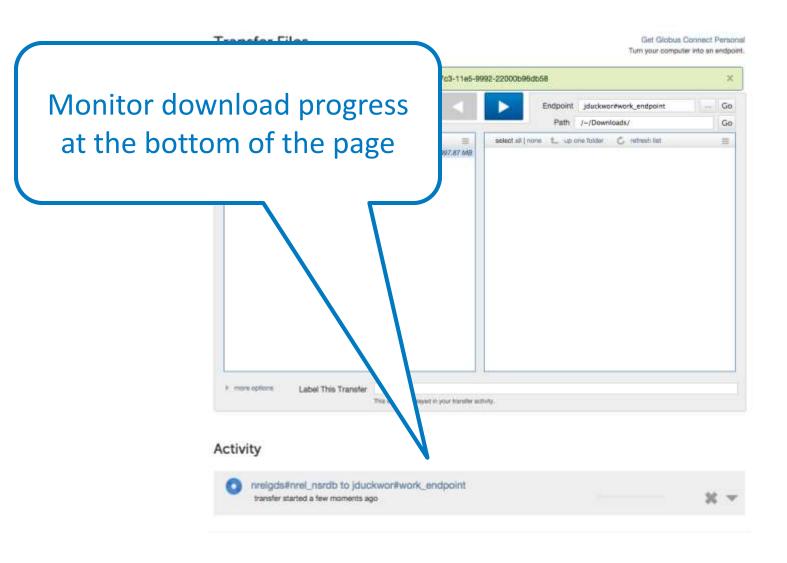












Data Format

Standard Time-Series Data File Format also known as **SAM CSV**

Header

Field	Units	Recognized Names				
Latitude	degrees	latitude, lat				
Longitude	degrees	longitude, lon, long, lng				
Time zone	hours offset from GMT	tz,timezone,time zone				
Site elevation	meters above sea level	el, elev, elevation, site elevation				
Year	n/a	year				
Location ID	n/a	id, location, location id, station, station id, wban, wban#				
City	n/a	city				
State	n/a	state, province, region				
Country	n/a	country				
Source	n/a	source, src				
Description	n/a	description, desc				
URL	n/a	url				
Units flag	yes or no	hasunits, units				
Interpolate flag	yes or no	interpmet				

Data Format

Data Columns

Field	Units	Recognized names				
Year	1950-2050	year,yr				
Month	1-12	month, mo				
Day	1-31	day				
Hour	0-23	hour,hr				
Minute	0-59	min, minute				
Global horizontal irradiance	W/m2	gh, ghi, global, global horizontal, global horizontal irradiance				
Beam normal irradiance	W/m2	dn,dni,beam,direct normal,direct normal irradiance				
Diffuse horizontal irradiance	W/m2	df, dhi, diffuse, diffuse horizontal, diffuse horizontal irradiance				
Ambient dry bulb temperature	C ·	tdry,dry bulb,dry bulb temp,temperature,ambient,ambient temp				
Wet bulb temperature	C	twet, wet bulb, wet bulb temperature				
Dew point temperature	C	tdew,dew point,dew point temperature				
Wind speed	m/s	wspd, wind speed				
Wind direction	deg	wdir, wind direction				
Relative humidity	%	rh,rhum,relative humidity,humidity				
Atmospheric pressure	millibar	pres, pressure				
Snow cover	cm	snow, snow cover, snow depth				
Ground reflectance (albedo)	01	albedo, alb				
Aerosol optical depth	01	aod, aerosol, aerosol optical depth				

NSRDB API

Description

Variable

names	Year of interest	1998-2014; tmy				
interval	30 minute or hourly data	30; 60				
full_name	Name user	Text				
affiliation	Affiliation of user	Text				
reason	Short description of purpose for downloading data	Text				
Attributes	Attributes to return	dhi,dni,ghi,clearsky_dhi,clearsky_dni,clearsky_ghi,cloud_typ e,dew_point,surface_air_temperature_nwp,surface_pressur e_background,surface_relative_humidity_nwp,solar_zenith_ angle,total_precipitable_water_nwp,snow_depth,wind_dire				

Inputs

ction_10m_nwp,wind_speed_10m_nwp,fill_flag

NSRDB API

http://developer.nrel.gov/api/solar/nsrdb_0512_download.csv?wkt=POINT({-104.5%2039.5)&names=1998&leap_day=false&interval=30&utc=false&full_name=YOUR_NAME&email=YOUR_EMAIL&affiliation=NREL&mailing_list=false&reason=SAM&api_key=YOUR_API&attributes=dhi,dni,wind_speed,surface_air_temperature

Sample API Call

Sample Python using Pandas

```
In [2]: # year and location of interest
    year, lon, lat = 2006, -104.5, 39.5
# Grabbing all but first 2 lines
    df = pd.read_csv('http://developer.nrel.gov/api/solar/nsrdb_0512_download.csv?wkt=POINT({lon}%20{lat})&names={year}&leap
# Set the time index in the pandas dataframe
    df = df.set_index(pd.date_range('1/1/{yr})'.format(yr=year), freq='30Min', periods=17520))
# off and running!
    df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	Year	Month	Day	Hour	Minute	DHI	DNI	Temperature	Wind Speed
2006-01-01 00:00:00	2006	1	1	0	0	0	0	3.487848	5.069017
2006-01-01 00:30:00	2006	1	1	0	30	0	0	3.631738	4.952465
2006-01-01 01:00:00	2006	1	1	1	0	0	0	3.775598	4.835914
2006-01-01 01:30:00	2006	1	1	1	30	0	0	3.790918	4.583948
2006-01-01 02:00:00	2006	1	1	2	0	0	0	3.806238	4.331983

Data Availability

- USA: 1998-2014
- Other countries: 1998-2014, with 2005-2012 available publicly
 - List of Countries: Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, British Virgin Islands, Canada, Cape Verde, Cayman Island, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Curaçao, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Kiribati, Mexico, Montserrat, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Saint Barthélemy, Saint Lucia, Sint Maarten, St Vincent and the Grenadines, St-Martin, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Pierre and Miquelon, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, U.S. Minor Outlying Islands, U.S. Virgin Islands, and Venezuela
 - To obtain the full 1998-2014 dataset, please contact nsrdb@nrel.gov

Future Plan

- Summary statistics layers
- Biannual updates
- Spectral data
- Plane-of-array irradiance
- Algorithm improvements
- Fix some outstanding issues
 - Relative humidity

Questions?

Main Website: nsrdb.nrel.gov

Publications: nsrdb.nrel.gov/publications

Access Data: nsrdb.nrel.gov/nsrdb-viewer